

AGENDA CONSERVANCY SCENIC COORIDOR COMMITTEE

Wednesday, June 15, 2022 at 7:00 P.M. Village Hall, 3110 RFD, Old McHenry Road, Long Grove, Illinois

- I. CALL TO ORDER
- II. VISITORS BUSINESS
- III. MEETING MINUTES
 - a. Approval of the April 7, 2021 Meeting Minutes
- IV. OLD APPLICATIONS
 - a. None

V. NEW APPLICATIONS

a. CSCC 22-01; Consideration of a request to relocate the stormwater storage basin from near the residence into the conservancy district located on the property at 6881 September Boulevard submitted by Terry Barnett on behalf of Mr. Alex Dekhtyar the homeowner.

VI. OTHER BUSINESS

- a. Review Conservancy Scenic Corridor Approved Native plant List
- VII. ADJOURNMENT

UPCOMING MEETING - Next Regularly Scheduled Meeting: August 3, 2022 @ 7:00 PM

The Village of Long Grove is subject to the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 Individuals with disabilities who plan to attend this meeting and who require certain accommodations in order to allow them to observe and/or participate in this meeting, or who have questions regarding the accessibility of the meeting or the facilities, are requested to phone the Long Grove Village Manager at 847-634-9440 or TDD 847-634- 9650 promptly to allow the Village of Long Grove to make reasonable accommodations for those persons.

Meeting Minutes

CONSERVANCY & SCENIC CORRIDOR COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF THE REGULAR MEETING HELD REMOTELY VIA ZOOM April 7, 2021

CALL TO ORDER: Meeting called to order at 7:02 p.m.

Members present: Kelley Smith Chairman, Jeanette Burger, Maggie McCasey, Rob Seitz and Adam Faust.

Members absent; None

Also present: Jim Hogue, Village Planner and Members of the public.

VISITOR BUSINESS:

There was no visitor business.

MEETING MINUTES – March 3, 2021

Minor typographical errors were noted in the March 3rd draft meeting minutes. Commissioner Seitz made a motion, seconded by Commissioner Burger to accept the March 3, 2021 draft meeting minutes as corrected. On a roll call vote all aye.

OLD APPLICATIONS: NONE

NEW APPLICATIONS: NONE

OTHER BUSINESS:

1) Discussion of maintenance and management practices in the Conservancy and Scenic Corridor Easements of the Cobblestone PUD/Subdivision with HOA President Mr. Michael Kiefer.

Planner Hogue explained Mr. Kiefer was present at the 3.9 Village Board meeting as an HOA President (recorded and available on the village web page for that meeting date) and inquired about maintenance options for the common conservancy and scenic corridor in the Cobblestone Subdivision.

Chairman Smith noted he visited the subdivision and found substantial open space within the development. He indicated he had seen phragmites and buckthorn but very little teasel in the open space areas of the development. A diligent annual maintenance program would likely be necessary to eradicate these (and other) invasive species.

Mr. Kiefer explained that the HOA was spending large sums of money on the maintenance and upkeep of their conservancy and scenic corridor easements. He noted for the dollars spent there was not a lot of improvement in the reduction of invasive species and restoration of the native species originally installed in the development. He was seeking direction at the Village Board meeting and was directed to discuss this matter with the CSCC.

He noted Cobblestone is small subdivision (32 homes) and HOA dues increased to \$1,500 per home with an emphasis on a more aggressive stance toward the restoration of the natural areas (although this was recently deferred due to the more urgent need to pave roads). Residents continually ask when will the native species return

Mr. Michael Starkowitz, Cobblestone HOA member and resident, spoke on the matter. He noted he was a long-time resident of the area and retied developer. The "model" for conservancy areas is 40+ years old and outdated. It does not consider and not did it take into consideration invasive species now present, nor the proliferation of wildlife now in the area. Both of which have damaged the natural areas in the development and village at large.

He noted the subdivision sprays hundreds of gallons of glyphosate ("Roundup") into the natural areas which may have environmental consequences. Burning, another maintenance option, also has issues releasing smoke and particulate matter into the atmosphere.

He suggested that perhaps it is time for the village to consider a "new model" for conservancies and scenic corridors. Specifically, a different type of plat mix was suggested, one which is resistant to invasive species and requires less maintenance. He further suggested the village contract with a landscape professional with expertise in natural areas and plantings to re-evaluate conservancy plantings village wide.

The CSCC disagreed noting the existing "model" was still viable and supported the native species found in the village and Lake County as a whole. Additionally, such plantings contribute to the biodiversity of the area as well as providing habitat for animal and insect species found in the area.

The CSCC noted there was no easy fix for the maintenance and restoration of natural areas. While spraying and burning are two methods for maintenance and restoration of such areas, they are not the only maintenance alternatives available. It was noted that while labor intensive, at certain times of the year the physical removal of undesirable species is an excellent environmentally responsible method of maintain natural areas. Certain maintenance techniques work better at certain times of the year.

The suggested the HOA consider the creation of a maintenance plan (perhaps with the input of their landscape maintenance service or other landscape professional) which identifies various maintenance techniques and strategies (i.e., timing/scheduling of the maintenance options). Such a plan could serve to maximize the efficiency of various maintenance techniques by scheduling their implementation at optimum times of the year. This would allow various techniques and strategies for maintenance and restoration of the natural areas to be most effective on specific "undesirable" plant species. The CSCC reiterated that there was no "easy fix" for the restoration and maintenance of these areas. Implementation of a long term and on-going maintenance plan is the best option of maintaining the health of these areas.

2) Route 22 Landscape Plan – Update

Planner Hogue reported the comments of the CSCC were forwarded to Mr. Dan Dalziel of 3D Design. Mr. Dalziel is creator of the Rt.22 landscape plan. He created a response to the questions and concern noted by the CSCC. This response is being forwarded to IDOT.

Included in the meeting packet was the response regarding those questions & concerns, as well as those raised by IDOT. These were attached for CSCC to consider and note any further comments or concerns.

The CSCC was satisfied their concerns had been adequately identified and address in the response. No further comments of concerns were noted.

3) Welcome New Member – Adam Faust

Chairman Smith recognized Mr. Faust and welcomed him as the newest member of the CSCC.

Planner Hogue noted that Commissioner DalCompo had resigned, and Mr. Faust responded to the notice of

vacancy published by the village to fill that vacancy.

Mr. Faust noted that he was interested in giving back to the community and saw this as an opportunity to do so. He is very excited to be a member of the CSCC.

<u>ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING</u>; Commissioner Burger moved to adjourn, seconded by Commissioner McCasey. On a roll call vote, all ayes. Meeting adjourned at 8:31 P.M.

Respectfully submitted,

James M. Hogue

James M. Hogue, Village Planner

New Applications



CONSERVANCY AND SCENIC CORRIDOR COMMITTEE STAFF REPORT

TO: Jeanette Burger, Chair

Conservancy Scenic Corridor Committee Members

FROM: Jessica Marvin, Community Development Services

SUBJECT: Flood Overflow and Movement of Flood Water – 6881 September Boulevard

PUBLIC MEETING DATE: June 15, 2022

ATTACHMENTS: 1) CSCC Application

2) Location Map

3) Conservancy Districts, Easements, and Protected Areas Code

4) List of Native Plants

PETITIONER Terry Barnett on behalf of

Mr. Alex Dekhtyar (homeowner) 6881 September Boulevard Long Grove, IL 60047

REQUEST

Review of the proposed new location for the stormwater storage basin at 6881 September Boulevard.

HISTORY

Retired Planner Jim Hogue provided comments from the CSCC to the applicant on December 22, 2020. Below are the recommendations:

- The plans/plantings submitted appear to be inadequate for the entire conservancy easement; a
 restoration plan, identify the type of plant species and their location in the entire conservancy
 easement should be submitted for consideration.
- There was a general concern the plant species proposed (3 varieties of Black-Eyed Susan) were not chosen well.
- A wider variety of native species would help reduced weeds and invasive species in the conservancy easement and enhance its visibility.
- Consider a wider variety of native flowering species which will bloom at different times and be aesthetically pleasing during the entire growing season.
- Certain plant varieties suggested for the restoration plan are not suitable for wet areas.

• Consider "rain garden plants" for the wet areas (see Lake County Stormwater Guidelines for rain garden plantings).

PROPOSED PROJECT

The proposed project from McGinty Bros., Inc. includes:

- Applying herbicide to eliminate existing turf grass within the Corridor Easement;
- Removal of existing turf grass after herbicide application;
- Soil preparation for seeding;
- Seeding of low profile prairie grass and forb seed mix;
- Biodegradable erosion control blanket over seeded area;
- High mowing of native seeding to eliminate annual/biennial weed species;
- Selective herbicide application to eliminate perennial weed species;
- Follow-up selective herbicide application.

The Village Engineer, Geoff Perry, has reviewed the proposed plans and approved them with conditions on March 24, 2022. Below are the conditions of the approval:

- Track-out is not allowed on September Boulevard at any time. Any track-out must be removed immediately.
- All disturbed areas shall be stabilized with either topsoil, seed, and erosion control blanket (properly secured) and/or topsoil and sod. The site needs to be fully restored within 7 days of completion of construction, and a full stand of grass should be established within 28 days from sod/seed placement.
 - o Note: All restoration in the Conservancy Easement must meet the requirements and be approved by the Village's Conservancy and Scenic Corridor Committee.
- Any pavement damage is to be repaired by the contractor to the satisfaction of the Homeowner's Association.
- Engineer's review did not include tree impact, landscaping, architectural or structural design.

CONSERVANCY AND SCENIC CORRIDOR COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The CSCC should review the plans to relocate the stormwater storage basin into the conservancy district and the appropriateness for the new proposed stormwater storage basin location.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

The property is located at 6881 September Boulevard and within in the R-2 zoning district. Staff recommends approval to relocate the stormwater storage basin on the property located at 6881 September Boulevard subject to a satisfactory landscaping plan that includes a variety of shrubs, trees, and grasses.

JNM/AMO/JLM

Village of Long Grove

Conservancy/Scenic Corridor Application (See back page for instructions and additional information.)

Appl	icant Name: Aleksaldr Dekhtyae icant Address: 6881 September Blub	Date: 5/20/22
Phor	ivision: Lake Eleavorn Certails ne: (224) 805-6085 E-mail: DKHT	YR a VALOO, Lom
	(or areas) where work is to be performed:	
	Lowland Conservancy District	
	Upland Conservancy District	
	Wooded Conservancy District	
×	Scenic Corridor	
	Other ()	
Dosc	ription of work to be performed (Check all that apply):	
	Remove unwanted materials. Specify:	
	Add prairie grass and wildflowers. Specify by Latin name	e.:
	Add trees and shrubs. Specify by Latin name.:	
X	Other. Specify: regrade yard for	drainage
Profe	essional assistance (If any) provided by: Name of Firm: BRENET Conscitting, C.C. Address: 4 Sandpifer Ln Hanthon in Nords Contact: Terry BRENET	
Adm	inistrative Information (To be completed by Long Grove	e Village Officials):
	ication Submitted by: Aleksandr Dekhtyar of Application Filing: 05/20/22	Application # <u>CSCC 2022-001</u>
Cons	ication Fee Paid: X Yes No ervancy Verified by: Forwarded to Committee:	Date:05/20/22 - CK # 1014 Date:
Com	mittee Recommendation: Approve Disapprove Forwarded to Board:	Date:
		Date:

Village of Long Grove Conservancy/Scenic Corridor Application

(Continued)

Instructions:

- 1. The following items must be submitted to the Village Office with this Application:
 - a. The Application Fee (\$30.00)
 - b. Six (6) copies of the Plat of Survey and Project Plans
 - c. Six (6) copies of any lists or other attachments to the Application
- 2. Work shall not be commenced until approval has been received from the Village.
- 3. Grasses, flowers, trees, shrubs, and other materials to be used in the project must be selected from approved lists available from the Conservancy and Scenic Corridor Committee (CSC) or the Village Offices. Note that the Latin names of trees, plants, and other materials must be shown on the lists, drawings and attachments submitted with the Application.
- 4. If work is to be performed in common areas of a subdivision, the Application must be submitted by the person(s) with responsibility for those areas.
- 5. Property owners are advised to inform neighbors of the work to be performed in private areas that abut or are near the property of others.
- 6. Members of the CSC or the Village Office are available to answer questions or provide assistance in the completion of the Application.

Application Process:

· II · VII

- 1. Completed Applications are forwarded to the CSC Committee by the Village Office. One or more members of the Committee will contact the Applicant or his/her contact within a few days following receipt of the Application and arrangements will be made to visit the property and discuss the work to be performed.
- 2. The Application will then be discussed in the Committee and a recommendation of approval or disapproval will be forwarded to the Village Board where action will be taken. The Applicant will be notified of approval or disapproval following the vote of the Board. Applicants are not required to attend the meetings of either the Committee or the Board; but, are welcome to do so if they wish.
- 3. Although the Committee and the Village Board will make every effort to expedite the application process, approval may take several weeks. The actual time needed for consideration will depend upon the timing of the Application and may be delayed if there are unusual circumstances involved in the project. Questions regarding the schedule of Committee and Board meetings should be addressed to the Village Office or any CSC Member.

I understand that as a Conservancy/Scenic Corridor Applicant, I shall be responsible for all professional fees incurred by the Village in connection with said request, including, but not limited to, engineering fees, attorney fees and planning fees. By signing this application, I agree to be liable for such costs, and agree to the filing and foreclosure of a lien against the Subject Property for all such costs plus all expenses relating to collection, if such costs are not paid within 30 days after mailing of a demand for payment. Furthermore, this application shall not be forward to the Village Board until the Village Manager verifies that the above described fees have been paid in full.

Name of applicant	<u> </u>	Sign	ature of applicant	Long	[] Jarette	, 122
Record of CSC Activity (7	Γο be completed b	y the CSC	C):			
Date Received:						
Application Assigned to:	Primary:					
	Secondary:					
Record of Contacts with Ap	oplicant and Others	s:				
CSC Recommendation:	Apr	prove	Disapprove	Date:		



TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING

- Installation of soil erosion and sediment control SE/SC measures Selective vegetation removal for silt fence installation
- Silt fence installation
- Construction fencing around areas not to be disturbed
- Stabilized construction entrance
- Tree removal where necessary (clear & grub)
- Construct sediment trapping devices (sediment traps, basins...)
- Construct detention facilities and outlet control structure with restrictor & temporary perforated riser
- Strip topsoil, stockpile topsoil and grade site
- Temporarily stabilize topsoil stockpiles (seed and silt fence around toe of slope)
- Install storm sewer, sanitary sewer, water and associated inlet & outlet protection H. SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3H:1V SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH APPROPRIATE MEASURESAS APPROVED BY THE ENFORCEMENT OFFICER.
- Permanently stabilize detention basins with seed and erosion control blanket
- Temporarily stabilize all areas including lots that have reached temporary grade
- 10.) Install roadways
- 11.) Permanently stabilize all outlot areas
- 12.) Install structures and grade individual lots
- 13.) Permanently stabilize lots
- 14.) Remove all temporary SE/SC measures after the site is stabilized with vegetation
- Soil erosion and sediment control maintenance must occur every two weeks and after every 1/2 or greater rainfall event

LAKE COUNTY STORMWATER MANAGEMENT COMMISSION SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- A. SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF HYDROLOGIC DISTURBANCE OF UPLAND
- B. FOR THOSE DEVELOPMENTS THAT REQUIRE A DESIGNATED EROSION CONTROL INSPECTOR (DECI), INSPECTIONS AND DOCUMENTATION SHALL BE PERFORMED, AT A MINIMUM:
 - UPON COMPLETION OF SEDIMENT AND RUNOFF CONTROL MEASURES (INCLUDING PERIMETER CONTROLS AND DIVERSIONS), PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING.
 - AFTER EVERY SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS OR STORM EVENT WITH GREATER THAN 0.5 INCH OF RAINFALL OR LIQUID EQUIVALENT PRECIPITATION.
- C. SOIL DISTURBANCE SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO MINIMIZE EROSION. IF STRIPPING, CLEARING, GRADING, OR LANDSCAPING ARE TO BE DONE IN PHASES, THE PERMITTEE SHALL PLAN FOR APPROPRIATE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.
- D. A STABILIZED MAT OF CRUSHED STONE MEETING IDOT GRADATION CA-1 UNDERLAIN WITH FILTER FABRIC AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH INSTALLED AT ANY POINT WHERE TRAFFIC WILL BE ENTERING OR LEAVING A CONSTRUCTION SITE. SEDIMENT OR SOIL REACHING AN IMPROVED PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY, STREET, ALLEY OR PARKING AREA SHALL BE REMOVED BY SCRAPING OR STREET CLEANING AS ACCUMULATIONS WARRANT AND TRANSPORTED TO A CONTROLLED SEDIMENT DISPOSAL AREA
- E. TEMPORARY DIVERSIONS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS NECESSARY TO DIRECT ALL RUNOFF FROM HYDROLOGICALLY DISTURBED AREAS TO AN APPROPRIATE SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN.
- F. DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT MEASURES WITHIN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING THE END OF ACTIVE HYDROLOGIC DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE.
- G. ALL STOCKPILES SHALL HAVE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO PREVENT EROSION. STOCKPILES SHALL NOT BE PLACED IN FLOOD PRONE AREAS OR WETLANDS AND DESIGNATED BUFFERS.
- I. APPROPRIATE EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE INSTALLED ON ALL INTERIOR DETENTION BASIN SIDE SLOPES BETWEEN THE NORMAL WATER LEVEL AND HIGH WATER LEVEL.
- STORM SEWERS THAT ARE OR WILL BE FUNCTIONING DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PROTECTED BY AN APPROPRIATE SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURE.
- K. IF DEWATERING SERVICES ARE USED, ADJOINING PROPERTIES AND DISCHARGE LOCATIONS SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION. DISCHARGES SHALL BE ROUTED THROUGH AN APPROVED ANIONIC POLYMER DEWATERING SYSTEM OR A SIMILAR MEASURE AS APPROVED BY THE ENFORCEMENT OFFICER. DEWATERING SYSTEMS SHOULD BE INSPECTED DAILY DURING OPERATIONAL PERIODS. THE ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, OR APPROVED REPRESENTATIVE, MUST BE PRESENT AT THE COMMENCEMENT
- L. IF INSTALLED SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES DO NOT MINIMIZE SEDIMENT LEAVING THE DEVELOPMENT SITE,
- M. ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE MAINTAINED AND REPAIRED AS NEEDED. THE PROPERTY OWNER SHALL BE ULTIMATELY RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR.
- N. ALL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER FINAL SITE STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED OR AFTER THE TEMPORARY MEASURES ARE NO LONGER NEEDED.
- O. THE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES INDICATED ON THE PLANS ARE THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS. ADDITIONAL MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED, AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, OR OTHER GOVERNING AGENCY.

U:\Regulatory Program\SESC handouts\SE-SC Notes 2013 TAC-approved.docx

LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES WHERE NOT

SUBSTANTIATED BY PHYSICAL EVIDENCE ARE TAKEN

FROM RECORDS NORMALLY CONSIDERED RELIABLE.

NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THEIR ACCURACY IS

FOR LOCATION OF BURIED CABLE CALL J.U.L.I.E. @

1-800-892-0123 BEFORE DIGGING

LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITY SERVICES

ARE BASED ON VISUAL OBSERVATIONS.

CONTRACTOR MUST CONFIRM LOCATION AND

CONDITION OF ALL UTILITY SERVICES TO REMAIN.

WILLIAM A.

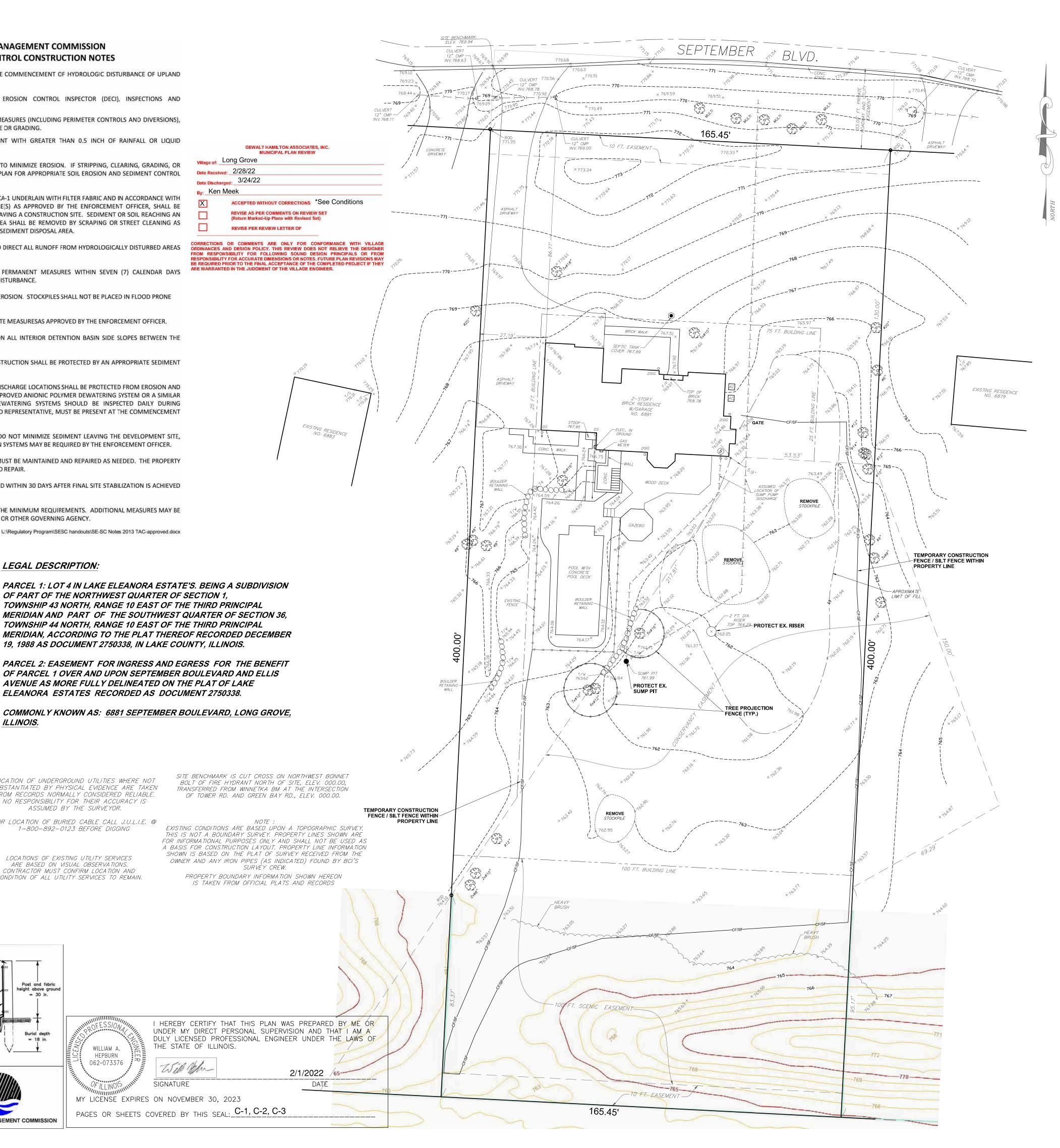
HEPBURN

062-073376

ASSUMED BY THE SURVEYOR.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

ILLINOIS.



DEMOLITION

V

M M

SI.

THIS DRAWING SHALL NOT BE USED

PROJECT NO.:

BASE FILE:

SHEET FILE:

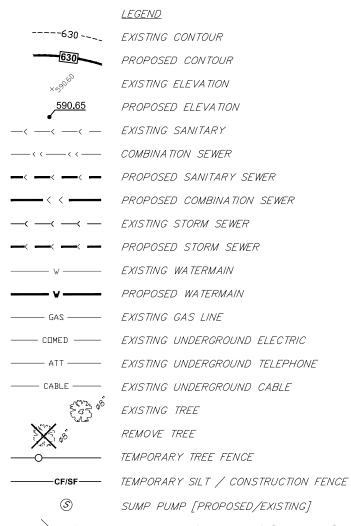
SCALE:

EPRODUCED, MODIFIED OR SOLD EITHER WHOLLY OR IN PART, EXCEPT WHEN

THORIZED IN WRITING BY THE ENGINEE

ISSUE DATE: SEPT. 14, 2020

SHEET NUMBER



DOWNSPOUT (IN-GROUND) [PROPOSED] SWALE [PROPOSED]

- OUTLET / POP-UP EMITTER
- CATCH BASIN
- SANITARY MANHOLE
- CLEANOU

B BOX

- FLARED END SECTION (F.E.S.) INLET / DRAIN

WOOD UTILITY POLE

- WATER VALVE VAULT, WATER METER
- MANHOLE (UNCLASSIFIED)
- FIRE HYDRAN
- TREE TAG NO.
- GAS VALVE
- | | | | | TOP OF GARAGE SLAB
- TOP OF FOUNDATION

- TOP OF WALL

. Backfill and compact the excavated spoil materials X-machine direction (retained strength)

extend to the bottom of the trench.

INSTALL CONSTRUCTION FENCING AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE PROPOSED

ADDITION, MINIMUM 6' HIGH FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION. FENCING SHALL BE

MAINTAINED AND SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THE STRUCTURE IS COMPLETED

PROVIDE DOUBLE ROW OF SILT FENCE AND SINGLE ROW OF CONSTRUCTION

4. EXISTING FOUNDATION TO BE RE-USED. REFER TO ARCHITECT'S FOUNDATION

UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES EVEN THOUGH THEY MAY NOT BE

ANY OPEN EXCAVATIONS, OR POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS AREAS SHALL BE

FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE CONTRACTOR'S EMPLOYEES AND GENERAL

8. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVING ANY SOIL TRACKED ONTO THE

11. PORTABLE TOILET SHALL NOT BE PLACED CLOSER THAN 5' TO ANY PROPERTY

12. CONSTRUCTION STOCKPILE SHALL NOT BE PLACED CLOSER THAN 5' TO ANY

13. A DUMPSTER OF ADEQUATE SIZE FOR THE CONTAINMENT AND DISPOSAL OF

ALL JOB SITE REFUSE IS REQUIRED TO BE ON SITE FOR THE DURATION OF THE

10. CALL JULIE 1-800-892-0123 48 HOURS BEFORE STARTING ANY EXCAVATION

CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPAIRED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE CITY AND

FENCED OR GUARDED IN AN ACCEPTABLE MANNER AT THE END OF EACH DAY

5. CONTRACTOR TO PROMPTLY REMOVE ANY EXCAVATED MATERIAL NOT

6. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION OF ALL

SHOWN ON THE PLANS. ANY UTILITY THAT IS DAMAGED DURING

INSTALL TREE PROTECTION FENCING BEFORE BEGINNING ANY DEMOLITION OR

INSTALLED AT THE START OF EXCAVATION OR DEMOLITION AND BE

FENCE AS SHOWN.

PUBLIC SAFETY.

CONSTRUCTION.

. Set posts and excavate or slit—trench a 6-inch

deep trench upslope along the line of the post

EXCAVATION WORK ON THE SITE.

REQUIRED FOR SITE BACKFILL.

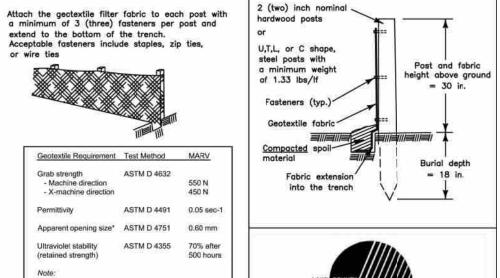
THE OWNER, OR REPLACED.

ROAD AT THE END OF EACH DAY.

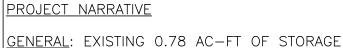
TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY BY HLC SURVEYING.

PROPERTY LINE AND SHALL NOT EXCEED 8' IN HEIGHT.

Geotextile Requirement Test Method MARV Apparent opening size* ASTM D 4751 0.60 mm SILT FENCE DETAIL DATE: 4/21/08 BY: KAW



STORMWATER MANAGEMENT COMMISSION



BASIN PER SUBDIVISION WILL BE MOVED FURTHER SOUTH, CLOSER TO INDIAN CREEK

TYPE OF DEVELOPMENT: REAR YARD IMPROVEMENTS

AREA SUMMARY:

TOTAL PARCEL AREA: 1.52 ACRES DISTURBED AREA: 0.46 ACRES

SPECIAL PROTECTION AREAS: CONSERVANCY EASEMENT

<u>JPSTREAM TRIBUTARY:</u> THERE IS NO UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY AREA FOR THE SITE.

SANITARY SEWERS: EX. BUILDING SERVICE TO

CONSTRUCTION DATE: CONSTRUCTION TO COMMENCE FALL 2020

<u>SE/SC:</u> PROVIDE SILT FENCE AROUND THE CONSTRUCTION AREA AS SHOWN

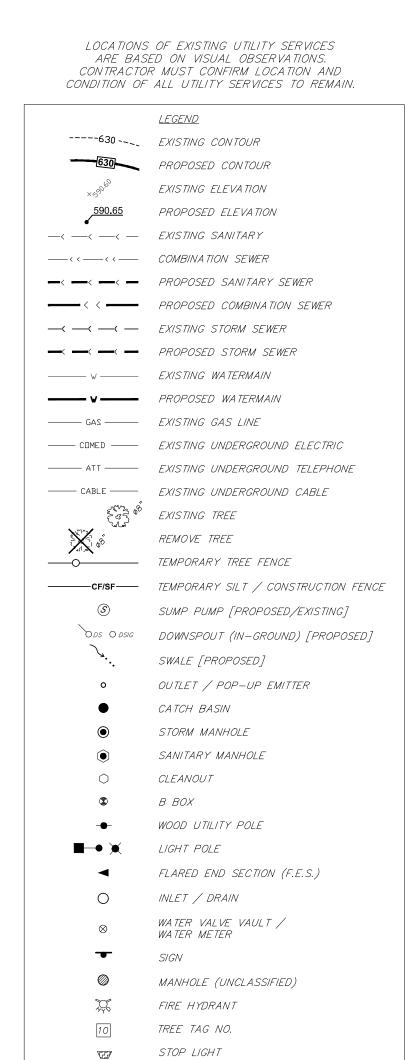
SITE BENCHMARK IS CUT CROSS ON NORTHWEST BONNET BOLT OF FIRE HYDRANT NORTH OF SITE, ELEV. 000.00,
TRANSFERRED FROM WINNETKA BM AT THE INTERSECTION OF TOWER RD. AND GREEN BAY RD., ELEV. 000.00.

EXISTING CONDITIONS ARE BASED UPON A TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY. THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND SHALL NOT BE USED AS A BASIS FOR CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT. PROPERTY LINE INFORMATION SHOWN IS BASED ON THE PLAT OF SURVEY RECEIVED FROM THE OWNER AND ANY IRON PIPES (AS INDICATED) FOUND BY BCI'S

SURVÈY CREW. PROPERTY BOUNDARY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS TAKEN FROM OFFICIAL PLATS AND RECORDS

LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES WHERE NOT SUBSTANTIATED BY PHYSICAL EVIDENCE ARE TAKEN FROM RECORDS NORMALLY CONSIDERED RELIABLE. NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THEIR ACCURACY IS ASSUMED BY THE SURVEYOR.

FOR LOCATION OF BURIED CABLE CALL J.U.L.I.E. @ 1-800-892-0123 BEFORE DIGGING



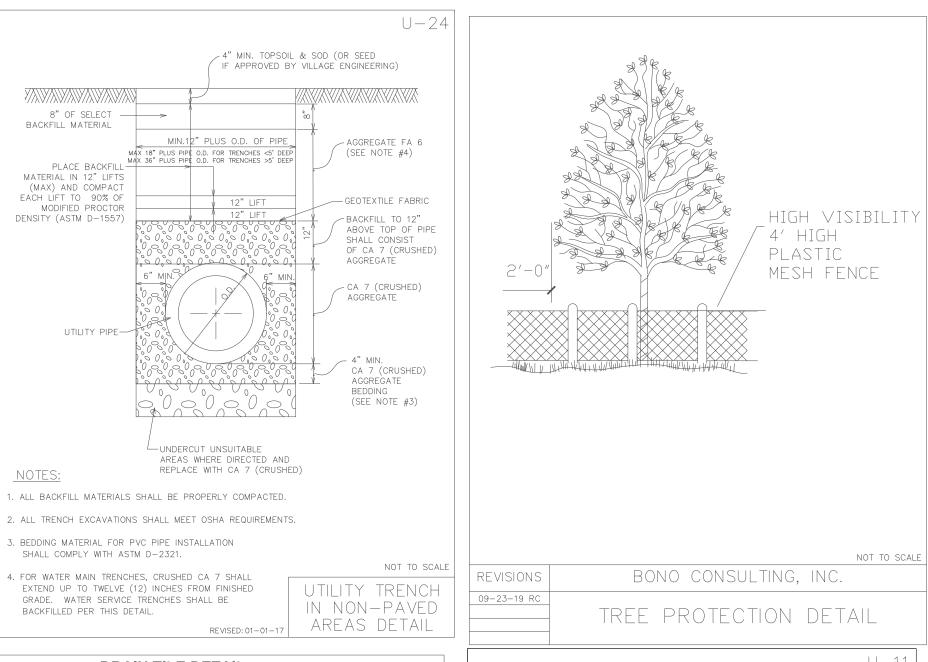
GAS VALVE

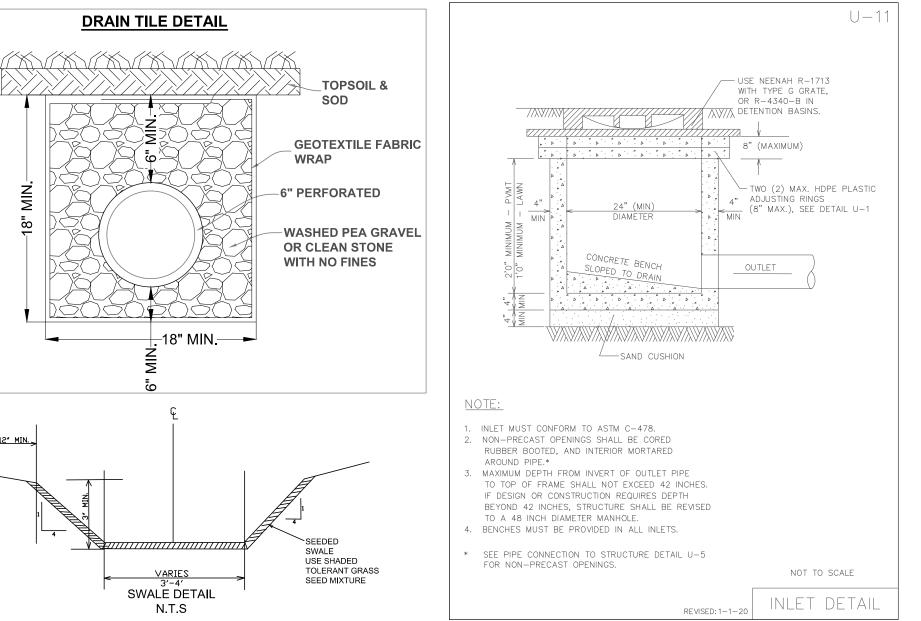
ROOT PRUNE

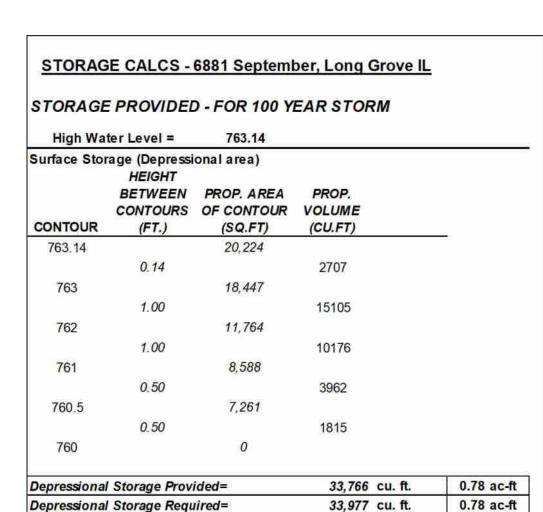
TOP OF WALL

TOP OF GARAGE SLAB

TOP OF FOUNDATION







1. GRADE SIDE YARDS TO DIRECT WATER TO FRONT AND REAR YARDS. ACCEPT WATER

4. CONTRACTOR TO PROMPTLY REMOVE ANY EXCAVATED MATERIAL NOT REQUIRED

5. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION OF ALL UNDERGROUND

OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES EVEN THOUGH THEY MAY NOT BE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

ANY OPEN EXCAVATIONS, OR POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS AREAS SHALL BE FENCED

PROTECTION OF THE CONTRACTOR'S EMPLOYEES AND GENERAL PUBLIC SAFETY.

AT THE END OF EACH DAY. ANY TRACK-OUT NEEDS TO BE CLEANED IMMEDIATELY.

CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVING ANY SOIL TRACKED ONTO THE ROAD

OR GUARDED IN AN ACCEPTABLE MANNER AT THE END OF EACH DAY FOR THE

ANY UTILITY THAT IS DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPAIRED TO THE

FROM ADJACENT PROPERTIES.

FOR SITE BACKFILL.

2. PROPOSED ELEVATIONS ARE TOP OF SOD OR CONCRETE.

3. FINISHED DIRT GRADE IN LAWN AREAS SHALL BE 2" BELOW TOP OF SOD.

SATISFACTION OF THE CITY AND THE OWNER, OR REPLACED.

BCI NOTES:

1. ALL WORK AND MATERIALS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL CITY/COUNTY

REGULATIONS AND CODES AS WELL AS O.S.H.A. STANDARDS.

- 2. SHOULD IT APPEAR THAT THE WORK COVERED BY THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS IS NOT SUFFICIENTLY DETAILED OR EXPLAINED, AN RFI FORM SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR FURTHER DRAWINGS OR **EXPLANATIONS AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO CLARIFY THE POINT IN QUESTION** PRIOR TO THE CONTRACT AWARD. IT IS THE INTENTION OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS TO PROVIDE A JOB COMPLETE IN EVERY RESPECT. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS RESULT AND TO TURN OVER THE PROJECT IN COMPLETE OPERATING CONDITION, IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER
- DETAIL. ALL BUILDING LAYOUTS SHOULD BE BY A REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR AFTER CONFIRMING THE PROPERTY CORNERS IN THE FIELD. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHOULD BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE DESIGN **ENGINEER PRIOR TO INITIATING CONSTRUCTION.**



GRADING

IMPR BLVD,

 $\overline{\mathbb{S}}$

THIS DRAWING SHALL NOT BE USED

WHOLLY OR IN PART, EXCEPT WHEN

PROJECT NO.:

BASE FILE:

SHEET FILE:

SCALE:

REPRODUCED, MODIFIED OR SOLD EITHER

UTHORIZED IN WRITING BY THE ENGINEE

ISSUE DATE: SEPT. 14, 2020

SHEET NUMBER

March 24, 2022



625 Forest Edge Drive, Vernon Hills, IL 60061

TEL 847.478.9700 ■ FAX 847.478.9701

www.gha-engineers.com

Mr. Alex Dekhtyar 6881 September Boulevard Long Grove, IL 60047

Re: 6881 September Boulevard / Lot 4 Lake Eleanora Estates Proposed Grading Improvements Engineering Re-Approval

Dear Mr. Dekhtyar:

We have completed our review of the revised documents submitted for the above referenced improvements. We are in receipt of the Engineering Plans showing proposed improvements prepared by Bono Consulting Inc., last revised February 1, 2021. All documents were received by our office February 28, 2022.

Based on our review, we approve the project as submitted with the following conditions:

- 1. Track-out is not allowed on September Boulevard at any time. Any track-out must be removed immediately.
- 2. All disturbed areas shall be stabilized with either topsoil, seed, and erosion control blanket (properly secured) and/or topsoil and sod. The site needs to be fully restored within 7 days of completion of construction and a full stand of grass should be established within 28 days from sod/seed placement.
 - Note: All restoration in the Conservancy Easement must meet the requirements and be approved by the Village's Conservancy & Scenic Corridor Committee.
- 3. Any pavement damage is to be repaired by the contractor to the satisfaction of the Homeowner's Association.
- 4. Our review did not include tree impact, landscaping, architectural or structural design.

During construction, the following inspections and approvals will be required by our office.

- 1. Inspection and signoff of the initial Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Measures; required prior to commencing land-disturbing activities. The construction access location and anticipated use needs to be defined at the pre-construction meeting.
- 2. Site Observation after pipe is installed but <u>before</u> backfilling. Please contact our office to determine the most beneficial time for this inspection.
- 3. Review and approval of the Final As-Built Survey, prepared by a licensed surveyor. (This needs to be submitted prior to the final site inspection.) Please also keep all restoration seed tags and submit them with the As-Built Survey to the Village.
- 4. Final site inspection and signoff.

Please call our office at 847-478-9700 to schedule the site inspections; a minimum of 48-hours' notice is required.

If you have any questions regarding the above, please do not hesitate to call me at 847-821-6231 or email me at gperry@gha-engineers.com.

Sincerely,

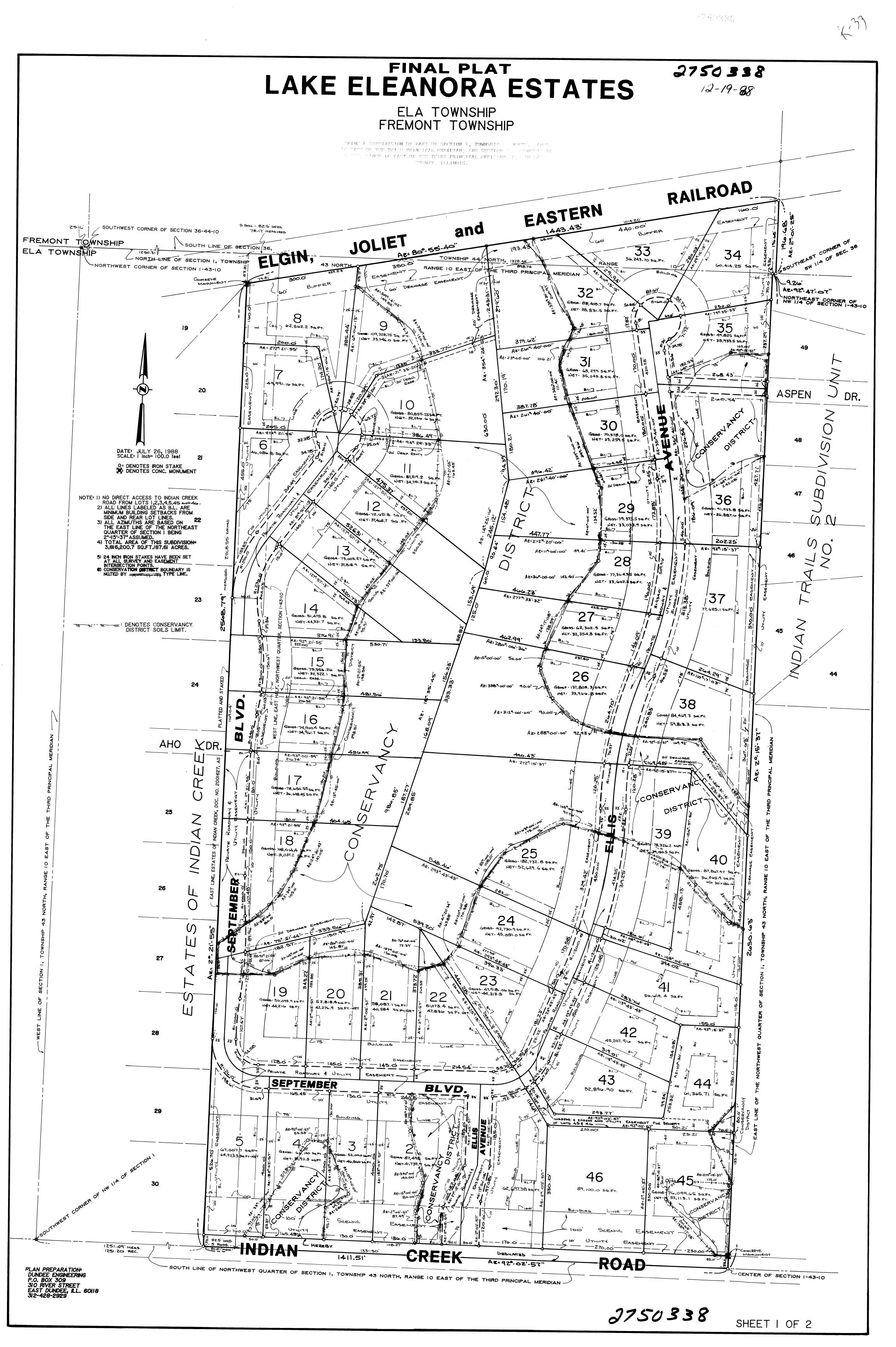
Gewalt Hamilton Associates, Inc.

Geoffrey L. Perry, P.E.

Village Engineer

cc (via email): Ms. Margerita Romanello, Building Commissioner - Village of Long Grove

Mr. Ken Meek – GHA



FINAL PLAT LAKE ELEANORA ESTATES

ELA TOWNSHIP FREMONT TOWNSHIP 2750338 12-19-88

BEING A SUBDIVISION OF PART OF SECTION 1, TOWNSHIP 43 NORTH, RANGE 10 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN; AND SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 44 NORTH, RANGE 10 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, ALL IN LAKE

COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

EASEMENT PROVISIONS

A NON-EXCLUSIVE EASEMENT FOR SERVING THE SUBDIVISION AND OTHER PROPERTY WITH ELECTRIC, COMMUNICATION, SEWER, WATER, GAS AND DRAINAGE SERVICE IS HEREBY RESERVED FOR AND GRANTED TO: THE VILLAGE OF LONG GROVE, OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION OVER THE LAND SUBDIVIDED HEREON AND THOSE PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES OPERATING UNDER FRANCHISE FROM THE VILLAGE OF LONG GROVE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY, ILLINOIS BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY AND NORTH SHORE GAS COMPANY,

THEIR RESPECTIVE SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS, JOINTLY AND SEVERALLY, TO INSTALL, OPERATE, MAINTAIN AND REMOVE, FROM TIME TO TIME, FACILITIES USED IN CONNECTION WITH UNDERGROUND TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY AND SOUNDS AND SIGNALS IN, UNDER, ACROSS, ALONG AND UPON THE SURFACE OF THE PROPERTY SHOWN WITHIN THE DOTTED LINES ON THE PLAT AND MARKED "EASEMENT", AND THE PROPERTY DESIGNATED ON THE PLAT FOR STREETS, TOGETHER WITH THE RIGHT TO INSTALL REQUIRED SERVICE CONNECTIONS UNDER THE SURFACE OF EACH LOT TO SERVE IMPROVEMENTS THEREON, THE RIGHT TO CUT TRIM OR REMOVE TREES, BUSHES AND ROOTS AS MAY BE REASONABLY REQUIRED INCIDENT TO THE RIGHTS HEREIN GIVEN, AND THE RIGHT TO ENTER UPON THE SUBDIVIDED PROPERTY FOR ALL SUCH PURPOSES. OBSTRUCTIONS SHALL NOT BE PLACED OVER GRANTEES' FACILITIES OR IN, UPON OR OVER THE PROPERTY WITHIN THE DOTTED LINES MARKED "EASEMENT" WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF GRANTEES. AFTER INSTALLATION OF ANY SUCH FACILITIES, THE GRADE OF THE SUBDIVIDED PROPERTY SHALL NOT BE ALTERED IN A MANNER SO AS TO INTERFERE WITH THE PROPER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE THEREOF.

THE AREAS DESIGNATED AS CONSERVANCY DISTRICT SHALL REMAIN AS A NATURAL WILDLIFE PRESERVE.

ALL AREAS ON THIS PLAT DESIGNATED CONSERVANCY DISTRICT, SCENIC EASEMENT OR BUFFER EASEMENT SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN THEIR NATURAL, UNDISTURBED CONDITION, WITH NO MAN MADE STRUCTURES OF ANY KIND.

LOTS 4, 36 AND 40 CONTAIN A LARGE PORTION OF WETLAND CONSERVATIVE SOILS AND THE SIZE OF THE HOMES PLACE ON SAID LOTS WOULD BE RESTRICTED TO 2 POSSIBLY 3 BEDROOMS AT THE MOST. IT IS ALSO POSSIBLE TO FIND SMALL PORTIONS OF THE UNSUITABLE SOIL IN AREAS ABOVE THE LINES NOTED ON THE ADJOINING PLAT THAT WOULD REQUIRE FILL AS APPROVED BY THE LAKE COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT, PARTICULARLY LOT 36.

DRAINAGE CERTIFICATE

WE HEREBY CERTIFY TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE THAT ADEQUATE PROVISIONS HAVE BEEN MADE FOR THE DIVERSION AND RETENTION OF SURFACE WATERS INTO PUBLIC AREAS OR DRAINS WITHIN THE RIGHTS OF THE SUBDIVIDER, AND THAT

SURFACE WATERS WILL NOT BE DEPOSITED ON ADJACENT LAND OWNERS PROPERTY IN SUCH CONCENTRATION AS MAY CAUSE DAMAGE BY EROSION OR SEDIMENTATION TO SUCH PROPERTY BECAUSE OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

> REGISTERED ADFESSIONAL ENGINEER

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT I, JOHN WHITEHOUSE, REGISTERED ILLINOIS LAND SURVEYOR, HAVE SURVEYED, SUBDIVIDED AND PLATTED AT THE REQUEST OF THE OWNERS THEREOF, THAT PART OF SECTION 1, TOWNSHIP 43 NORTH, RANGE 10 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, AND THAT PART OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 44 NORTH, RANGE 10 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL

MERIDIAN, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: THE EAST HALF OF LOTS 1 AND 2 AND THE EAST 5 RODS OF THE WEST HALF OF SAID LOTS 1 AND 2, IN THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 1, TOWNSHIP 43 NORTH, RANGE 10 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN (EXCEPT THAT PART THEREOF CONVEYED TO WAUKEGAN AND SOUTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, NOW ELGIN, JOLIET, AND EASTERN RAILWAY BY DEED DATED AUGUST 6, 1880 AND RECORDED SEPTEMBER 17, 1889 AS DOCUMENT 40466); ALSO, THAT PART OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 44 NORTH, RANGE 10 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN LYING SOUTHERLY OF THE SOUTHERLY RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF THE ELGIN, JOLIET AND EASTERN RAILWAY, ALL IN LAKE COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT THE PLAT HEREON DRAWN IS A CORRECT AND ACCURATE REPRESENTATION OF SAID SURVEY AND SUBDIVISION. ALL DISTANCES ARE SHOWN IN FEET AND DECIMAL PARTS THEREOF. ALL COURSES ARE DESCRIBED AS

I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT NO PART OF THE PROPERTY COVERED BY THIS PLAT OF SUBDIVISION IS LOCATED WITHIN A SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA AS IDENTIFIED BY THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY. I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT I HAVE SET ALL SUBDIVISION MONUMENTS AND DESCRIBED THEM ON THIS FINAL PLAT AS REQUIRED BY THE PLAT ACT (ILLINOIS REVISED STATUTES 1977, CHAPTER 109, SECTION 1). I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAT OF SUBDIVISION LIES WITHIN THE CORPORATE LIMITS OF THE VILLAGE OF LONG GROVE.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL AT DUNDEE, ILLINOIS THIS 26th DAY OF JULY , 1988 A.D.

STATE OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OF COOK ss

STATE OF ILLINOIS

COUNTY OF KANE

PARKWAY BANK AND TRUST COMPANY

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE PATHWAY BANK AND TRUST CO., AS TRUSTEE UNDER A TRUST AGREEMENT KNOWN AS TRUST NO. 79044, DATED AUGUST 7, 1986, AND NOT INDIVIDUALLY, IS THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THAT SAID BANK HAS CAUSED THE SAME TO BE SURVEYED, SUBDIVIDED, AND PLATTED AS SHOWN HEREON FOR THE USES AND PURPOSES HEREIN SET FORTH AS ALLOWED AND PROVIDED FOR BY STATUTE, AND SAID BANK AS TRUSTEE, AND NOT INDIVIDUALLY, HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGES AND ADOPTS THE SAME UNDER STYLE AND TITLE AFORESAID.

, ILLINOIS, THIS am DAY OF the total 1986. SK_VICE PRESIDENT TRUST OFFICER ASSI VICE PRESIDENT AND TRUST OFFICER

STATE OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OF COOK ss

THE UNDERCOMME , A NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE COUNTY ND STATE AFORESAID, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT AND ARBONNE DAYALL , PERSONALLY KNOWN TO ME TO BE THE OFFICERS OF THE PATHWAY BANK AND TRUST CO. AS SHOWN ABOVE, APPEARED BEFORE ME THIS DAY AND ACKNOWLEDGED THAT AS SUCH OFFICERS, THEY SIGNED AND DELIVERED THE SAID INSTRUMENT AND CAUSED THE CORPORATE SEAL TO BE AFFIXED THERETO AS THEIR FREE AND VOLUNTARY ACT AND AS THE FREE AND VOLUNTARY ACT OF SAID BANK AS TRUSTEE UNDER TRUST NO. 79044 FOR THE USES AND PURPOSES THEREIN SET FORTH.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND NOTARIAL SEAL THIS DAY OF 1986.

WUTARY PHIRE ALL OF ALL WY COMMISSION !!

2750338

STATE OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OF LAKE

STATE OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OF LAKE

STATE OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OF LAKE

, VILLAGE COLLECTOR OF THE VILLAGE OF LONG GROVE, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THERE ARE NO DELINQUENT OR UNPAID CURRENT OR FORFEITED SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS OR ANY DEFERRED INSTALLMENTS THEREOF THAT HAVE BEEN APPORTIONED AGAINST THE LAND INCLUDED IN THE PLAT.

DATED AT LONG GROVE, LAKE COUNTY, ILLINOIS, THI

STATE OF ILLINOIS

COUNTY OF LAKE

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE VILLAGE ENGINEER OF THE VILLAGE OF LONG GROVE HAS REVIEWED AND APPROVED THE ABOVE PLAT.

DATED THIS 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER

STATE OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OF LAKE

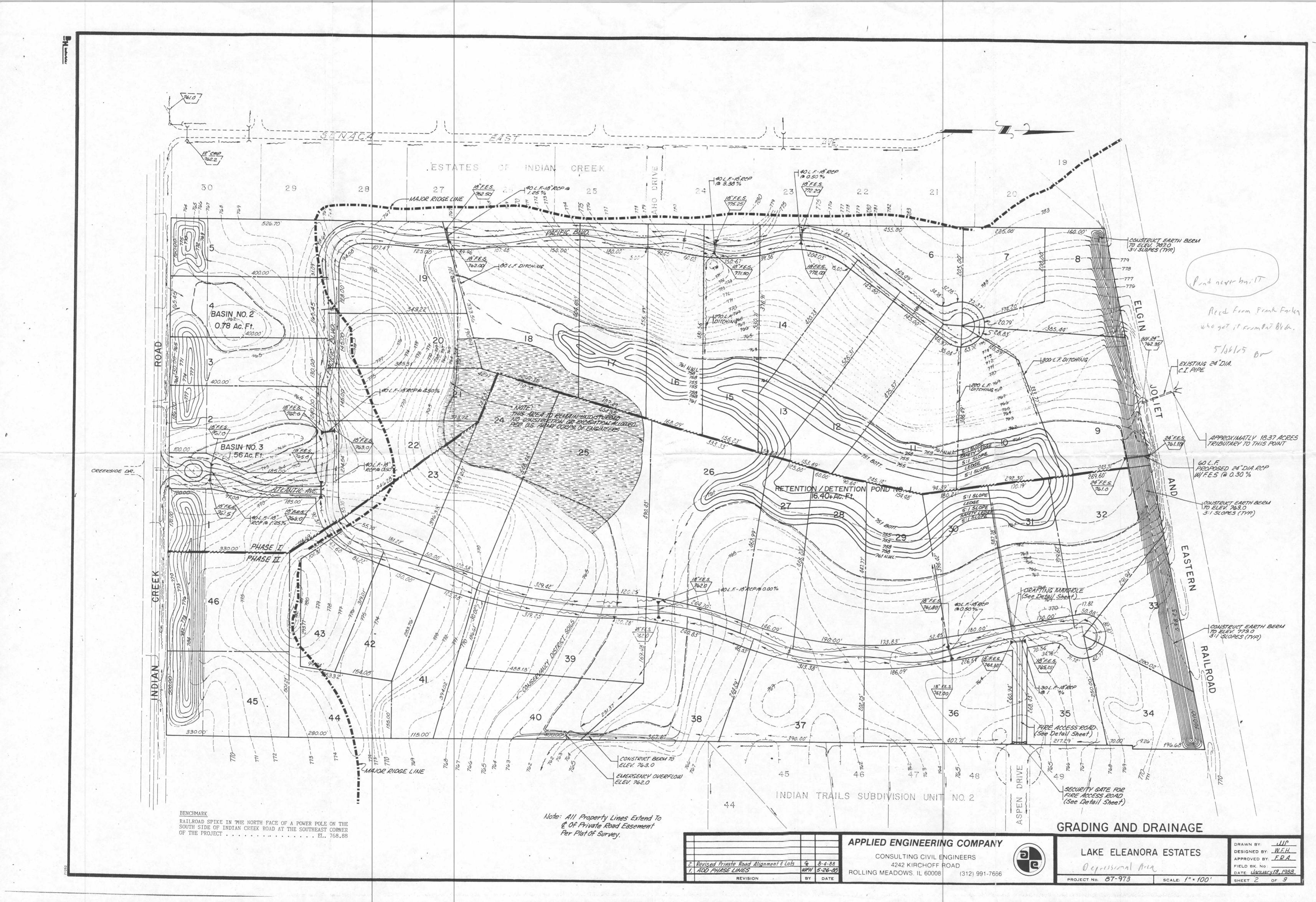
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT I, LINDA LANUZI HESS
COUNTY CLERK FOR THE COUNTY AND STATE AFORESAID, FIND NO REDEEMABLE TAX SALES, UNPAID TAXES OR UNPAID CURRENT TAXES AGAINST ANY OF THE REAL ESTATE INCLUDED IN THE ABOVE PLAT.

I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT I HAVE RECEIVED ALL STATUTORY FEES IN CONNECTION WITH THE ANNEXED PLAT.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL IN WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS THIS 19th DAY OF DECEMBER

Sinda Januhi Hers/ COUNTY CLERK







3744 Cuba Road Long Grove, Illinois 60047-7958

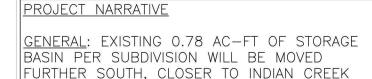
> Phone: 847-526-9322 Fax: 847-526-7240 www.McGintyBros.com

Natural Area Restoration and Erosion Control Services

Over 30 Years of Environmental Service

Proposal

Submit To:			Service Address:		
Company:	Barnett Consulting LLC	Job Name:	Dekhtyar Residence		
Attn:	Terry Barnett	Address:	6881 September Blvd		
Address:	4 Sandpiper Lane	City/State:	Long Grove, IL 60047		
City/State:	Hawthorn Woods, IL 60047	Mobile:	847-525-6230		
Phone:	·	Email:	tbarnett@glenbrookexcavating.com		
We hereby su	ubmit specifications and estimates f	for:			
	of Village's Conservancy & Scenic C		ws:		
Herbicide Ap	plication to Eliminate Existing Turf (Grass within Corridor Ease	ment: \$495.00		
Removal of E	xisting Turf Grass after Herbicide Ap	oplication:	\$3,780.00		
Soil Preparati	on for Seeding:		\$580.00		
Seeding of Lo	w Profile Prairie Grass and Forb See	ed Mix:	\$1,335.00		
Biodegradabl	e Erosion Control Blanket over Seed	ded Area:	\$870.00		
High Mowing	of Native Seeding to Eliminate Ann	nual/Biennial Weed Specie	s: \$495.00		
Selective Her	bicide Application to Eliminate Pere	ennial Weed Species:	\$560.00		
High Mowing	of Native Seeding to Eliminate Ann	nual/Biennial Weed Specie	s: \$495.00		
Follow-Up Se	lective Herbicide Application:		\$560.00		
Ninety Thous Payment to be m	eby to furnish material and labor- complete in and One Hundred Seventy and 00/ lade as follows: Net due upon complete ance Charges of 1.5% applied to all up	100etion of individual activities.	(\$9,170.00).		
A	2/2/8		Note: b be as specified. All work to be completed in a		
Authorized Custo	omer Care Representative Signature		ding to standard practices. Our workers are fully npensation Insurance. Our work is fully covered by		
Brian M Wilso	on 5/12/2022	Acceptance of Proposal - The	e above prices, specifications, and conditions are epted. You are authorized to do the work as specified.		
Please print nam	e Date	Payment will be made as outline			
	oposal may be withdrawn by us if not				
accepted within	·	Acceptance of Proposisa [] American Express	al Signature Date of Acceptance		
	[] MasterCaru [] V				
Account No.		Exp. DateS	ignature		



TYPE OF DEVELOPMENT: REAR YARD IMPROVEMENTS

AREA SUMMARY:

TOTAL PARCEL AREA: 1.52 ACRES DISTURBED AREA: 0.46 ACRES

SPECIAL PROTECTION AREAS: CONSERVANCY EASEMENT

<u>JPSTREAM TRIBUTARY:</u> THERE IS NO UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY AREA FOR THE SITE.

SANITARY SEWERS: EX. BUILDING SERVICE TO

CONSTRUCTION DATE: CONSTRUCTION TO COMMENCE FALL 2020

<u>se/sc:</u> provide silt fence around the CONSTRUCTION AREA AS SHOWN

SITE BENCHMARK IS CUT CROSS ON NORTHWEST BONNET BOLT OF FIRE HYDRANT NORTH OF SITE, ELEV. 000.00, TRANSFERRED FROM WINNETKA BM AT THE INTERSECTION

EXISTING CONDITIONS ARE BASED UPON A TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY. THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND SHALL NOT BE USED AS A BASIS FOR CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT. PROPERTY LINE INFORMATION SHOWN IS BASED ON THE PLAT OF SURVEY RECEIVED FROM THE OWNER AND ANY IRON PIPES (AS INDICATED) FOUND BY BCI'S

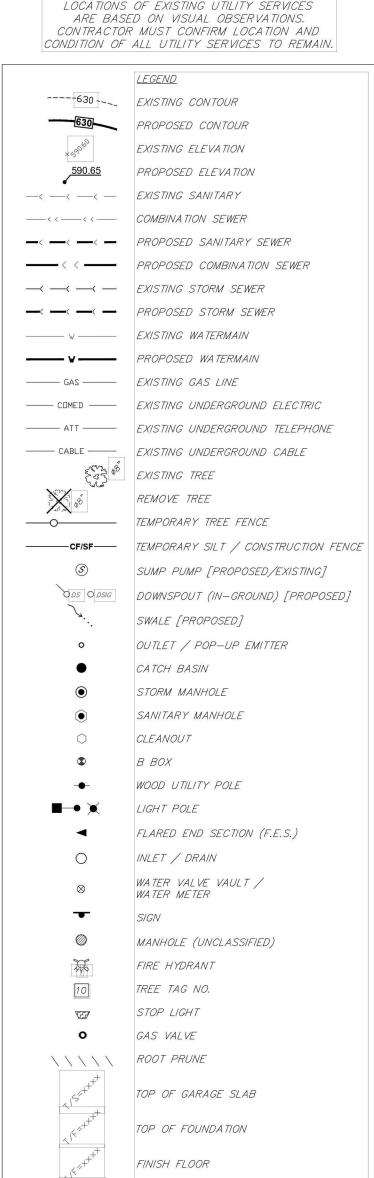
OF TOWER RD. AND GREEN BAY RD., ELEV. 000.00.

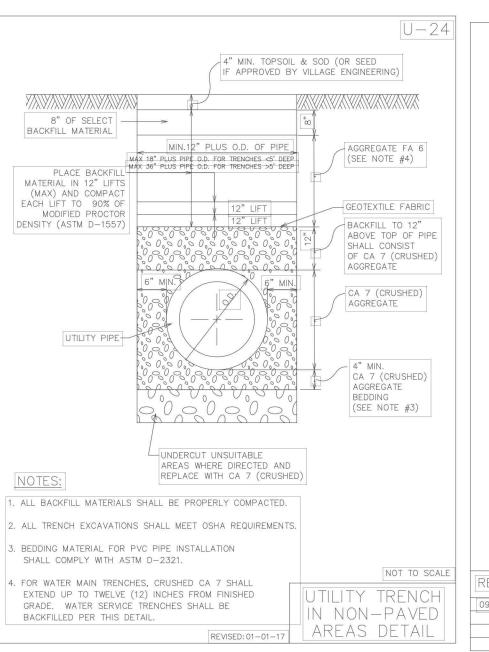
SURVEY CREW. PROPERTY BOUNDARY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS TAKEN FROM OFFICIAL PLATS AND RECORDS

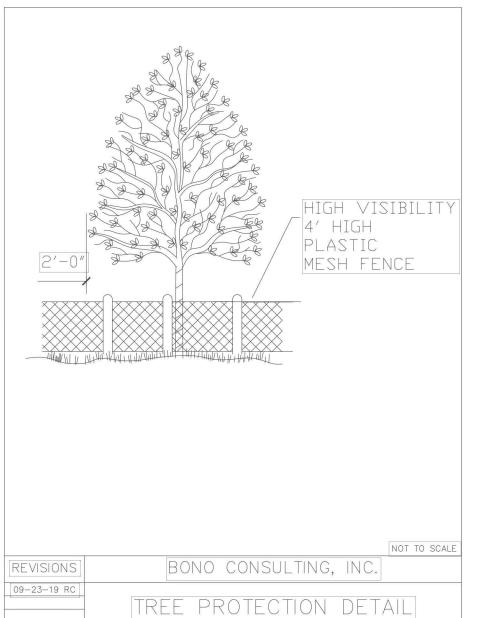
LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES WHERE NOT SUBSTANTIATED BY PHYSICAL EVIDENCE ARE TAKEN FROM RECORDS NORMALLY CONSIDERED RELIABLE. NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THEIR ACCURACY IS ASSUMED BY THE SURVEYOR.

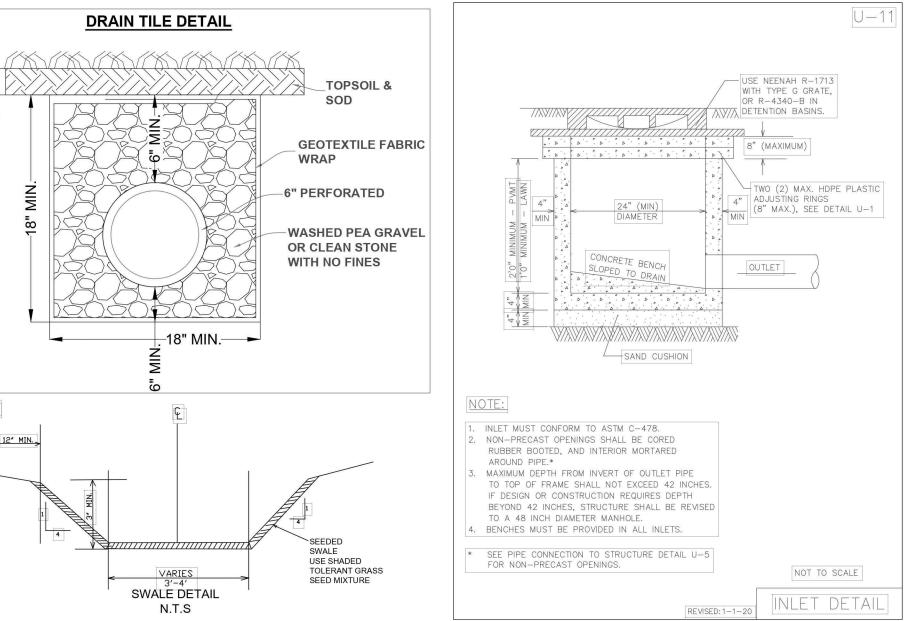
FOR LOCATION OF BURIED CABLE CALL J.U.L.I.E. @ 1-800-892-0123 BEFORE DIGGING

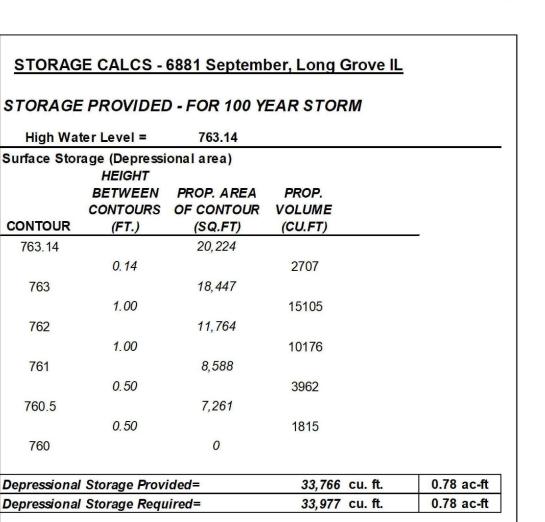
LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITY SERVICES ARE BASED ON VISUAL OBSERVATIONS. CONTRACTOR MUST CONFIRM LOCATION AND











High Water Level = 763.14

Surface Storage (Depressional area)

(FT.)

0.14

1.00

0.50

0.50

Depressional Storage Provided=

FROM ADJACENT PROPERTIES.

FOR SITE BACKFILL.

2. PROPOSED ELEVATIONS ARE TOP OF SOD OR CONCRETE.

3. FINISHED DIRT GRADE IN LAWN AREAS SHALL BE 2" BELOW TOP OF SOD.

SATISFACTION OF THE CITY AND THE OWNER, OR REPLACED.

(SQ.FT)

20,224

18,447

11,764

8,588

7,261

1. GRADE SIDE YARDS TO DIRECT WATER TO FRONT AND REAR YARDS. ACCEPT WATER

5. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION OF ALL UNDERGROUND

OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES EVEN THOUGH THEY MAY NOT BE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

ANY OPEN EXCAVATIONS, OR POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS AREAS SHALL BE FENCED

PROTECTION OF THE CONTRACTOR'S EMPLOYEES AND GENERAL PUBLIC SAFETY.

CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVING ANY SOIL TRACKED ONTO THE ROAD

AT THE END OF EACH DAY. ANY TRACK-OUT NEEDS TO BE CLEANED IMMEDIATELY.

OR GUARDED IN AN ACCEPTABLE MANNER AT THE END OF EACH DAY FOR THE

ANY UTILITY THAT IS DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPAIRED TO THE

4. CONTRACTOR TO PROMPTLY REMOVE ANY EXCAVATED MATERIAL NOT REQUIRED

CONTOUR

763.14

763

762

760.5

760

Landscape Restoration Key

Restoration with IDOT Class 1 Turf and Class 1B Fescue Seed Mixes

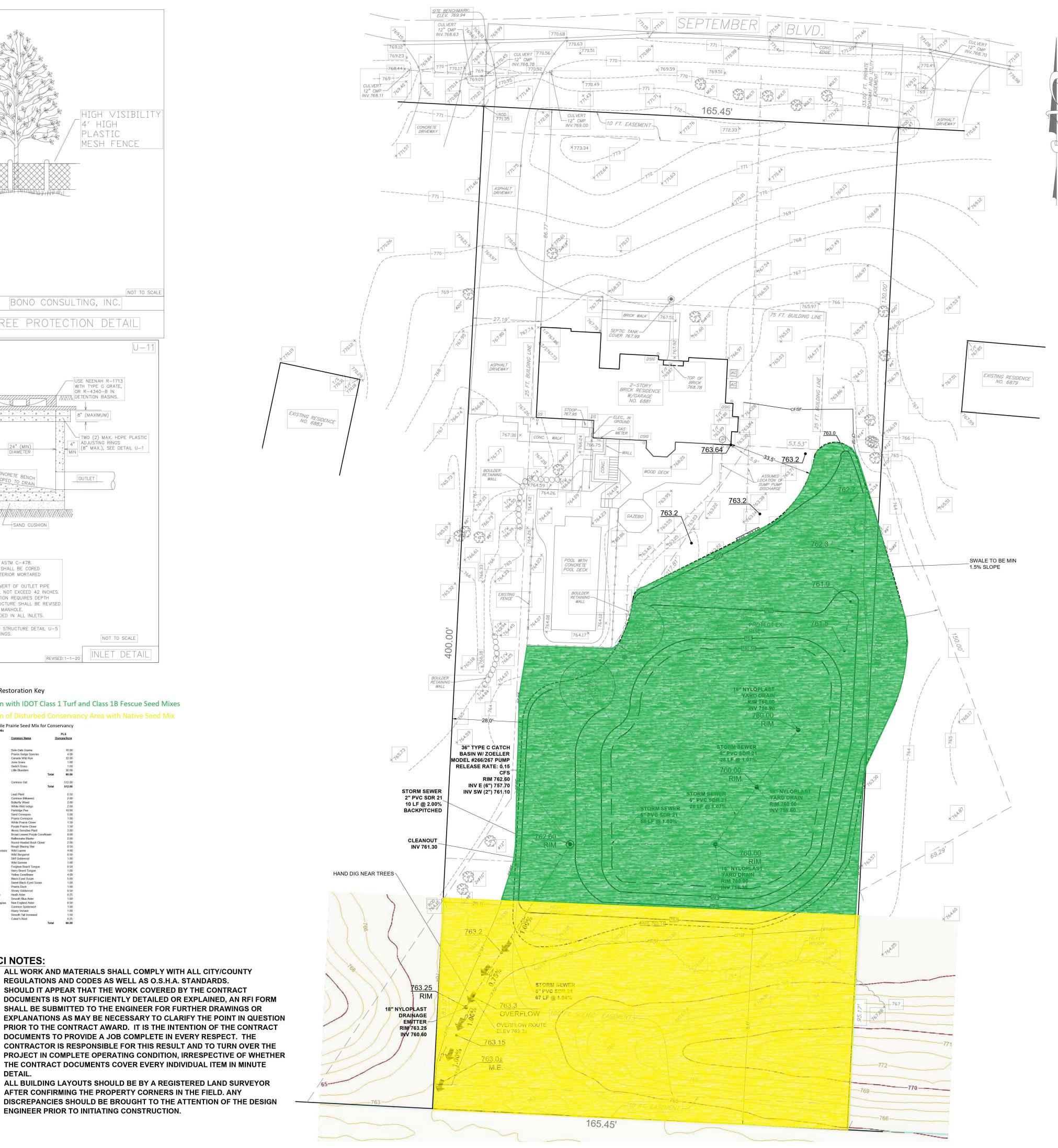
		PLS
Botanical Name	Common Name	Ounces/Acre
Permanent Grasses:		
Bouteloua curtipendula	Side-Oats Grama	16.0
Carex spp.	Prairie Sedge Species	4.0
Elymus canadensis	Canada Wild Rye	32.0
Koeleria macrantha	June Grass	1.0
Panicum virgatum	Switch Grass	1.0
Schizachyrium scoparium	Little Bluestem	36.0
Temporary Cover:	To	al 90.0
	Common Oat	512 0
Avena sativa	Common Oat	
Forbs:	101	ai 512.0
Amorpha canescens	Lead Plant	0.5
Asclepias syriaca	Common Milkweed	2.0
Asclepias tuberosa	Butterfly Weed	2.0
Baptisia alba	White Wild Indigo	2.0
Chamaecrista fasciculata	Partridge Pea	10.0
Coreopsis lanceolata	Sand Coreopsis	5.0
Coreopsis palmata	Prairie Coreopsis	1.0
Dalea candida	White Prairie Clover	1.5
Dalea purpurea	Purple Prairie Clover	1.5
Desmanthus illinoensis	Illinois Sensitive Plant	3.0
Echinacea purpurea	Broad-Leaved Purple Coneflower	8.0
Eryngium yuccifolium	Rattlesnake Master	2.0
Lespedeza capitata	Round-Headed Bush Clover	2.0
Liatris aspera	Rough Blazing Star	0.5
Lupinus perennis v. occidentalis	Wild Lupine	4.0
Monarda fistulosa	Wild Bergamot	0.5
Oligoneuron rigidum	Stiff Goldenrod	1.0
Parthenium integrifolium	Wild Quinine	1.0
Penstemon digitalis	Foxglove Beard Tongue	0.5
Penstemon hirsutus	Hairy Beard Tongue	1.0
Ratibida pinnata	Yellow Coneflower	4.0
Rudbeckia hirta	Black-Eyed Susan	5.0
Rudbeckia subtomentosa	Sweet Black-Eyed Susan	1.0
Silphium terebinthinaceum	Prairie Dock	1.0
Solidago speciosa	Showy Goldenrod	0.5
Symphyotrichum ericoides	Heath Aster	0.2
Symphyotrichum laeve	Smooth Blue Aster	1.0
Symphyotrichum novae-angliae	New England Aster	0.5
Tradescantia ohiensis	Common Spiderwort	1.0
Verbena stricta	Hoary Vervain	1.0
Vernonia gigantea	Smooth Tall Ironweed	1.50
Veronicastrum virginicum	Culver's Root	0.25
	To	al 66.00

BCI NOTES:

1. ALL WORK AND MATERIALS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL CITY/COUNTY

REGULATIONS AND CODES AS WELL AS O.S.H.A. STANDARDS.

- 2. SHOULD IT APPEAR THAT THE WORK COVERED BY THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS IS NOT SUFFICIENTLY DETAILED OR EXPLAINED, AN RFI FORM SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR FURTHER DRAWINGS OR **EXPLANATIONS AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO CLARIFY THE POINT IN QUESTION** PRIOR TO THE CONTRACT AWARD. IT IS THE INTENTION OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS TO PROVIDE A JOB COMPLETE IN EVERY RESPECT. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS RESULT AND TO TURN OVER THE PROJECT IN COMPLETE OPERATING CONDITION, IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER
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GRADING

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THIS DRAWING SHALL NOT BE USED

WHOLLY OR IN PART, EXCEPT WHEN AUTHORIZED IN WRITING BY THE ENGINEE

PROJECT NO.:

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REPRODUCED, MODIFIED OR SOLD EITHER

ISSUE DATE: SEPT. 14, 2020

SHEET NUMBER

March 24, 2022



625 Forest Edge Drive, Vernon Hills, IL 60061

Tel 847.478.9700 ■ Fax 847.478.9701

www.gha-engineers.com

Mr. Alex Dekhtyar 6881 September Boulevard Long Grove, IL 60047

Re: 6881 September Boulevard / Lot 4 Lake Eleanora Estates Proposed Grading Improvements Engineering Re-Approval

Dear Mr. Dekhtyar:

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Based on our review, we approve the project as submitted with the following conditions:

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If you have any questions regarding the above, please do not hesitate to call me at 847-821-6231 or email me at gperry@gha-engineers.com.

Sincerely,

Gewalt Hamilton Associates, Inc.

Geoffrey L. Perry, P.E. Village Engineer

3 9 1 1

cc (via email): Ms. Margerita Romanello, Building Commissioner - Village of Long Grove

Mr. Ken Meek – GHA

VILLAGE OF LONG GROVE 3110 RFD OLD MCHENRY ROAD LONG GROVE, IL. 60047 PH: (847) 634-9440

FOR OFFICE USE-do not fill STOR	RMWATER APPLICATI	ON PERMIT #:	
NAME & ADDRESS OF	NAME & ADDRESS OF ENGINEER/AGENT:		T: NAME &ADDRESS OF CERT.
PROPERTY OWNER:	•		WETLAND SPECIALIST:
	Bono Consulting In 1601 Bond St, Ste 3		WEILAND STECIALIST.
Aleksandr Dekhtyar	Naperville, IL 60563		
6881 September BLVD	ivapervine, it 0000.	•	
Long Grove, IL 60047			
Daytime Phone: (224) 805 6085	,	331) 229 3512	Daytime Phone:
Fax: dkhtyr@yahoo.com	Fax:		Fax:
Lilian.		noconsulting.com	Email:
CHECK THE ONE CONDITION	HAT APPLIES:	CHECK ALL CO	NDITIONS THAT APPLY:
☐ EXEMPT, WATERSHED DEVELOPME	NT PERMIT NOT REQUIRED(IV.A.2		WETLAND IMPACT (IV.E)
MINOR DEVELOPMENT (IV.A.,IV.B			LETTER OF NO WETLAND IMPACT (LONI)(IV.E)
Major Development outside th	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·	MENT IN A FLOODWAY (IV.C.3)
MAJOR DEVELOPMENT INSIDE THE F	LOODPLAIN(IV.A, IV.B, IV.C, IV.I	5-15- 1	LAIN MAP REVISION OR AMENDMENT (IV.C.2.G, IV.C.3.D (8))
☐ PUBLIC ROAD DEVELOPMENT (IV.A	.IV.F)	☐ WATERCO	urse with drainage area >20 acres and < 100 acres (IV.A,
☐ PUBLIC ROAD DEVELOPMENT IN TH	FLOODPLAIN (APPENDIX E.J.2)		urse with drainage area > 100 acres and < 640 acres (IV.A,
☐ EXISTING CONDITIONS BFE ONLY (O DEVELOPMENT)	IV.D)	
☐ SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CON	ROL REVIEW ONLY		ANGE APPROVAL (ECA)(IV.A.4.B)
	(11)(11.	REQUEST (V)
			LOODWAY DETERMINATION (IV.C)
	1 - 7	7 /	ED EROSION CONTROL INSPECTOR REQUIRED (DECI REQUIRED) GICALLY DISTURBS 5,000SF OR MORE
*Reference to Lake County Watershed Do by the Village of Long Grove Ord. 2006-0-		Toved	CATION MEETING HELD: (DATE)
STORMWATER DATA SUMMARY		WETLAND DATA	
Total Property ownership	= 1.52 Acres		
Hydrologic Disturbance	= 0.59 Acres	Waters of the US	=
Watershed Area Tributary to	= 3.36 Acres	Isolated Waters of Impacted Wetland	
Development	3.50	Waters of the US	Acreage -
Proposed Impervious Area	= 0 Acres	Isolated Waters of	Lake County =
Existing impervious Area pre 1992	= Acres	Mitigation Replace	ment Ratio =
Existing Impervious Area post 1992	= 0.19 Acres		
Site Impervious Area (pre 10/18/92)	= Acres	Waters of the US Isolated Waters of	=
Detention Volume Required	= Acre-F	On-Site	= =
Compensatory Storage Required	= Acre-F		=
Depressional	= 0.78 Acre-F	Mitigation Bank	=
Riverine 0- 10 Year	= Acre-F	SMC Wetland Rest	coration Fund =
Riverine 10-100 Year	= Acre-F	:	
DESCRIPTION OF DEVELOPME	·NT:		
Relocate existing depression			
NAME OF DEVELOPMENT		SINGLE FAMILY HO	OME ONLY:
Site improvement		Estimated Future H	lome Value:
STREET ADDRESS:	WATERSHED:	S	UB-WATERSHED:
6881 September BLVD	Des Plaines Ri	ver	Indian Creek
LEGAL DESCRIPTION:		PIN:	
		1401104009	
1/4 section NW Section 1 Tov	vnship _{43N} Range 10	1401104003	

Approved Plans: Engineering Plans (2 Sheets) prepared by Bono Consulting, Inc., last revised February 1, 2021 Approved by:

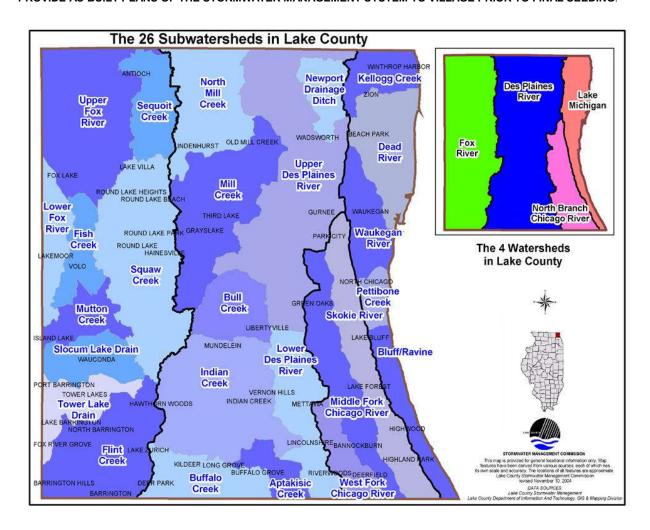
March 24, 2022 Geoffrey L. Perry, P.E. Enforcement Officer

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON AND ADDRESS OF T	STATE, AND FEDERAL P	ERMIT APPLICATION, OR APPR	OVAL LETTERS REQUIRED FOR	DEVELOPMENT
PERMIT TYPE	ISSUING AGENCY	PERMIT NUMBER		PERMIT ISSUE DATE
NDER PENALT	Y OF INTENTIONAL MISR	EPRESENTATION AND/OR PERJU	RY, I declare that I have exami	ined and/or made this
pplication and	it is true and correct to t	he best of my knowledge and be	lief. I agree to construct said	development with the
		nformation that I have affirmed		
tormwater Per	mit(s) herein applied for	and approval of plans in connec	tion therewith shall not be co	nstrued to permit any
		hereof in violation of any provis	ion of any applicable ordinanc	e or to excuse the
wner or his suc	ccessors in title from com	plying therewith.		
			9/	24/20
ignature of Pro	perty Owner, or Authori	and Ament		Date
ignature of Pro	percy Owner, or Authori	ten Agent		Date
CERTIFY that th	ne nlans/documents sub-	nitted for the above-reference d	levelonment have been prena	red under the
		nitted for the above-reference d		red under the
	professional engineer or	certified wetland specialist as a		red under the
	professional engineer or	certified wetland specialist as a		red under the
upervision of a	professional engineer or		ppropriate	
supervision of a	professional engineer or fessional Engineer	certified wetland specialist as a	ppropriate	
ignature of Pro	professional engineer or fessional Engineer F G Walter	certified wetland specialist as a 57227 9-25 PE# Date	ppropriate Sertified Wetlan	nd Specialist Date
upervision of a	professional engineer or fessional Engineer F G Walter	certified wetland specialist as a 57227 9-25 PE# Date	ppropriate	nd Specialist Date
ignature of Pro	fessional engineer or fessional Engineer	certified wetland specialist as a 57227 9-25 PE# Date	ppropriate Sertified Wetlan	nd Specialist Date
ignature of Pro This Permi	fessional engineer or fessional Engineer J G Walfer Ingineer	certified wetland specialist as a 57227 9-25 PE# Date Date wing conditions:	Print Name La tige Wetlan	nd Specialist Date
grature of Pro Int Name of Er This Permi	fessional Engineer fessional Engineer fully full for the full full for the full full for the full full full full for the full full full full full full full ful	certified wetland specialist as a 57227 9-25 PE# Date	Print Name of Revised Wetlan	nd Specialist Date

- ed by the County at take or by any private or public pa
- (b) This permit does not release the permittee from liability for damage to persons or property resulting from this permit, and does not authorize any injury to private property or invasion of private rights. work covered by
- (c) This permit does not relieve the permittee of the responsibility to obtain other federal, state or local autiforizations required for the construction of the permitted activity; and if the permittee is required by law to obtain approval from any federal or state agency to do the work, this permit is not effective until those approvals are obtained.
- (d) The permittee shall, at their own expense, remove all temporary plling, cofferdams, false work, and material incidental to the construction of the project, from the floodprone area, river, stream or take in which the work is done.
- (e) The execution and details of the work authorized shall be subject to the approval of the VILLAGE representatives shall have right to access to accomplish this purpose.
- (f) Application for permit will be considered full acceptance by the permittee of the terms and conditions of the permit.
- (g) The VILLAGE, in issuing this permit has relied, upon the statements and representations made by the permittee; if any statement or representation made by the permittee is found to be false, the permit may be revoked at the option of the VILLAGE; and when a permit is revoked all rights of the permittee under the permit are voided.
- (h) If the project authorized by this permit is located in or slong a meandered take, the permittee and successors shall make no claim whatsoever to any interest in any accretions caused by the project.
- in issuing this permit, the VILLAGE does not approve the adequacy of the design or structural strength or the structure or Improvement.
- (i) Noncompliance with the conditions of this permit will be considered grounds for revocation.
- (k) If the work permitted is not completed within three years of the permit issuance date, this permit shall be void.

VILLAGE OF LONG GROVE 3110 RFD OLD MCHENRY ROAD LONG GROVE, IL. 60047 PH: (847) 634-9440

This permit is subject to further special conditions as follows:
PROVIDE PRIOR NOTIFICATION OF THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING TO THE VILLAGE (847) 634-9440 INSPECTOR FIVE WORKING DAYS BEFORE START OF CONSTURCTION TO ENABLE VILLAGE ATTENDANCE. PROVIDE AS-BUILT PLANS OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM TO VILLAGE PRIOR TO FINAL SEEDING.



Date: 11/22/2020

Gilberto Quintero

Gilberto's Landscaping 4023 Rail RD East Chicago IN 46312 (708)374-1063

> Aleksandr Dekhtyar 6881 September Blvd Long Grove IL 60047

Landscape restoration plan:

We will plant the following type of plants as on the approved plant list: Rudbeckia hirta (Black eyed susan), Rudbeckia subtomentosa (Showy black eyed Susan), Rudbeckia triloba (Brown eyed Susan). These species of wild flowers will be planted on the conservative easement area. The amount of these specimens will be 50 of each to total 150 flowers. This work will begin in the Spring of 2021.

Gilberto Quintero

gellerta Quinsero

Aleksandr Dekhtyar











Title 7 - PUBLIC WAYS AND PROPERTY CHAPTER 5. CONSERVANCY DISTRICTS, EASEMENTS, AND PROTECTED AREAS

CHAPTER 5. CONSERVANCY DISTRICTS, EASEMENTS, AND PROTECTED AREAS

7-5-1. General purpose.

The purpose of this chapter is to identify various easements and protected areas which are required or otherwise regulated by other provisions of this code and to establish various regulations which apply to some or all of these easements and protected areas.

In addition, it is the intent of this chapter to further the appropriate use and conservation of land and water resources, to protect the health and welfare of all present and future residents, not only of the village, but also of the surrounding areas, from the problems of erosion, flooding, sedimentation, water pollution, exhaustion of aquifers, stripping of forest cover and to guide development so as to make maximum use of the capabilities of the land, including preservation of green areas, open space, wildlife cover of locally endangered species of flora and fauna, and to avoid all possible damage to the natural environment and the ecology of the village. The village notes that in the greater Chicago metropolitan area this type of ecological community is fast disappearing.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-2. Easements identified.

The following easements and protected areas are established, required, or regulated through various other provisions of this code:

- (A) Lowland Conservancy District. See section 7-5-3 of this chapter.
- (B) Upland Conservancy District. See section 7-5-4 of this chapter.
- (C) Drainage and Detention Easements. These easements are intended to provide adequate areas to ensure proper drainage through developments. See chapter 3 of this title as well as section 6-4-4 of this code.
- (D) Public Utility Easements. See section 6-4-4 of this code.
- (E) Scenic Corridor Easements. These easements are intended to provide scenic buffers between roads and developments. See subsection 6-4-4(C) of this code. A scenic corridor easement shall be depicted on each final plat of subdivision and each final plat of a planned unit development, and said easement shall constitute an easement in favor of the village of Long Grove, the terms of which are as follows:
 - 1. All significant native vegetation shall be preserved and maintained, and shall not be mowed, cultivated, sprayed or in any way disturbed.
 - 2. Nonnative vegetation may be excised, controlled, or destroyed, in accordance with the approved plans and specifications or with the prior written approval of the conservancy/scenic corridor easement committee (CSC).
 - 3. Existing woodlands and hedgerows within the scenic corridor shall not be destroyed.
 - 4. If no significant natural vegetation exists and where suitable topsoil is available, berms may be constructed in accordance with the approved plans and specifications for the subdivision or planned unit development. Nonnative flowering plants and evergreen trees may be utilized, if approved by the plan commission or the CSC. It is the intent that the vegetation, whether it be

- native or otherwise, shall constitute a suitable screen between the development of the lot upon which the scenic corridor exists and the adjacent road right-of-way to ensure that visual evidence of human occupancy is minimal.
- (F) Other Protected Areas. The plan commission, in cooperation with developers, has employed as a planning tool woodland conservancy easements primarily in planned unit developments (PUD). These areas are designed to protect wooded lots to minimize the loss of or damage to trees and vegetation. On the final plat, each lot has delineated a building pad in which construction is permitted. Areas which are wooded and to be protected are designated as woodland conservancy. These areas are not to be disturbed except to the extent necessary to permit access from the right-of-way to the building pad. Similarly, other site specific protected areas have been established such as walking path easements and wildlife travel path easements. The various provisions which apply to these protected areas are generally found on the face of the final plat, the ordinance granting final PUD approval, and/or in the approved covenants and restrictions, such as in the Royal Melbourne PUD.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-3. Lowland conservancy district.

- (A) Specific Purpose. The primary purpose of the lowland conservancy district is to preserve prime wetlands, aquifer recharge, soils with poor bearing capacity, wildlife areas, shorelands, flood control areas, floodplains, aesthetic areas, recreation and existing agricultural areas in floodplains. It shall be a primary objective that conservancy district areas remain in their natural undisturbed condition.
- (B) Definition. The "lowland conservancy district" shall be defined as the greater of all land lying below the highest flood of record as set forth in the hydrologic investigations, atlas series HA 208 Q 71, published by the U.S. geological survey, Washington, D.C.; the floodplain topographic maps of Buffalo Creek, Indian Creek and Kildeer Creek, prepared by U.S. department of agriculture, soil conservation service; or soil types as identified in the soil survey of Lake County, Illinois, published by the U.S. department of agriculture, in cooperation with the Illinois agricultural experiment station, or as these sources may be revised from time to time.
- (C) Soil Types; Soil Legend Symbols.
 - 1. Soil Types. Soil types included in the lowland conservancy district have the following characteristics:
 - (a) Seasonal water table at depth of less than two feet from the surface of the ground for a period of more than two months during the year.
 - (b) Soils classified as poorly to very poorly drained according to the USDA soil conservation service.
 - (c) Limitations severe enough to question the economic feasibility of these soils for urban development. Improper development of these soil areas will cause harmful effect to the public.
 - Soil Legend Symbols and Names. The lowland conservancy district is classified by the following soil legend symbols and names, including, but not necessarily limited to:

Soil Legend Symbols	Soil Name
67	Harpster silty clay loam
103	Houghton muck
W103	Houghton muck, wet
107	Sawmill silty clay loam
153	Pella silty clay loam
232	Ashkum silty clay loam

330	Peotone silty clay loam
W330	Peotone silty clay loam, wet
465	Montgomery silty clay
513	Granby load fine sand

(D) Permitted Uses.

Agriculture as now practiced.

Flood overflow and movement of flood water.

Nature preserve.

Passive recreation such as nature trails.

Vegetation management for the perpetuation or restoration of native species.

Wilderness areas and wildlife refuges.

Wildlife management.

- (E) Procedure for Permitted Uses. Permitted uses shall require a review and recommendation by the CSC and issuance of a permit by the village board. An application for a permitted use shall include sufficient detail to demonstrate that the permitted use will not:
 - 1. Interfere with the flow or storage of floodwater;
 - 2. Increase the runoff of the area;
 - 3. Interfere with the absorption of ground water;
 - 4. Present a potential pollution hazard to ground or surface water;
 - 5. Disturb the natural ecology of the area.
- (F) Special Uses.

Excavation of ponds.

Installation of dams.

Any other uses which can be demonstrated to be of clearly overriding public benefit and would not frustrate the purposes of this chapter.

- (G) Procedure for Special Use. Application for a special use shall be made to the plan commission. If the plan commission makes a recommendation for the issuance of a special use permit, the village board may, if it deems it necessary or advisable, also require the review and recommendation of the CSC. An application for a special use shall include sufficient detail to demonstrate that the special use will not:
 - 1. Interfere with the flow or storage of floodwater;
 - 2. Increase the runoff of the area;
 - 3. Interfere with the absorption of ground water;
 - 4. Present a potential pollution hazard to ground or surface water;
 - 5. Disturb the natural ecology of the area.
- (H) Prohibited Uses and Modification.

- 1. Disturbing of native vegetation. No native vegetation shall be removed, treated with herbicides, destroyed or otherwise damaged except where otherwise provided in this code.
- 2. Floodway alteration.
- 3. No manmade structures of any kind shall be constructed in the lowland conservancy except for necessary public improvements which are part of the approved plans and specifications for a subdivision or planned unit development or except as permitted by an approved special use.
- 4. No materials shall be utilized or stored which shall have the potential for polluting either surface or ground water.
- 5. The floodplain shall not be filled nor shall its grade be altered in any respect except as permitted by storm water management commission.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-4. Upland conservancy district.

- (A) Specific Purpose. The primary intent of the upland conservancy district is to preserve woodlands, steep scenic lands, major recharge areas for existing aquifers, aesthetics of the area, recreation areas and areas of educational value, areas from potential ground water pollution; also to guide development away from soils having severe limitations. It shall be the objective that at all times the areas of significant forest cover and slopes in excess of 12 percent (seven degrees) remain as much as possible in their natural condition.
- (B) Definition. "Upland conservancy areas" shall mean those areas having the following characteristics:
 - 1. A forest area with canopy trees six inches in diameter or greater measured at breast height (dbh) covering one-fourth acre or more, or a stand of eight or more trees with a cumulative dbh of eight inches or more. Canopy trees shall consist of the following species and their cultivars: American basswood, ash, beech, birch (paper), box elder, buckeye, cherry, cottonwood, elm, locust, hackberry, hickory, linden, maple, northern catalpa, oak, pine, walnut, willow. Where the canopy trees consist of more than 70 percent of the following species: box elder, silver maple, and/or black locust, then only half such area shall be considered in calculating the upland conservancy; or
 - 2. Areas with more than one-fourth acre having a slope greater than 12 percent (seven degrees), based on a field survey; or
 - 3. Areas of morley silt loam (194E) or morley silt loam eroded (194E2) greater than 12 percent (seven degrees), based on an on site field determination.
- (C) Permitted Uses.

Forestry and wildlife management.

Nature preserve.

Passive recreation such as nature trails.

Vegetation management for the perpetuation or restoration of native species.

- (D) *Prohibited Uses.* Forest cover, contours of the terrain, and general ecology of the area shall not be disturbed except as specifically permitted under the terms of this chapter.
- (E) Reasonable Use Limitation. In upland conservancy areas up to a maximum of 40 percent of the protected area on a given lot or parcel may be disturbed or otherwise utilized for the use and enjoyment of the owner provided that no less than 60 percent of the protected area shall be left undisturbed.
- (F) Procedure for Each Proposed Subdivision or Planned Unit Development (PUD).

- 1. Plan Commission Determination. The plan commission shall examine the land and determine if any part of it falls within the classification of the upland conservancy district. The commission reasonably requires such topographic maps, aerial photographs, soil survey of Lake County, Illinois, as published by U.S. Department of Agriculture, or such other background material.
- 2. Plan Commission Examination of Property. The plan commission, in conjunction with the developer, shall examine the property and determine the number and location of residential sites which the property can reasonably sustain without damage to its ecological integrity. The plan commission may, at its reasonable discretion, reduce the number of residential sites below that permitted by the basic underlying zoning classification if, in the opinion of the plan commission, such reduction is necessary to achieve the objectives of this classification.
- 3. *Final Plat.* The final plat shall indicate specific residence locations (building pads) and shall bear the notation that no construction activity shall take place outside the designated sites.
- 4. Construction Fences Required. Further, it shall be required during the period of construction that sufficient fences be erected and maintained to prevent all construction activity from infringing on the designated natural areas. It shall be the responsibility of the owner to see that such fences shall be maintained and such areas kept free of all construction activity for the entire duration of the construction period.
- 5. *Minimum Lot Size.* For developments which contain all three upland conservancy characteristics (see subsection (B) of this section), each lot must be three acres or greater. All such lots shall have a building pad for the building, driveway, patios and other uses. Such pads shall not exceed 10,000 square feet on a three acre lot. As to each lot, an extra 500 square feet shall be permitted for each acre the lot exceeds three acres. The septic tank areas shall, where feasible, use widely spaced trenches to preserve the canopy trees, understory growth and ground cover. All on site disposal systems shall be type I aeration systems with a four-hour backup battery power source or the system most suitable for the specific site as determined by a licensed septic system designer and approved by the village building department or village engineer.
- 6. *Afforestation.* If an upland conservancy area is disturbed, afforestation shall be required. Afforestation shall require the following for each 5,000 square feet of disturbed area:
 - (a) One three-inch native hardwood tree;
 - (b) Two two-inch native hardwood trees;
 - (c) Ten five-foot canopy or ornamental whips (bare root or potted);
 - (d) Ten three-foot shrubs (bare root or potted); and
 - (e) Ground cover prairie mix or woodland flower and ground cover mix.
 - (f) If the trenching preserves large trees between the trenches, the amount of afforestation may be commensurately reduced.
 - (g) All afforestation plans shall be submitted to the CSC for review and recommendation and subsequent approval by the village board.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-5. Soil classification survey.

For all new developments, such as, but not limited to, subdivisions or planned unit developments, as a condition precedent to preliminary approval, the developer shall furnish to the village a soil classification study of the entire development site clearly depicting all lowland or upland conservancy soils. The soil classification survey

shall be prepared by, or under the supervision and control of, an Illinois certified soil classifier, subject to the review and approval of the village engineer. The survey shall either classify soils on the entire site, or shall indicate the specific contours or boundaries of each soil type. The survey must be reasonably current and contain all necessary data.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-6. Conservancy district encroachments.

- (A) When it is essential to the reasonable use of a lot or parcel that an improvement such as a driveway or utility line encroach upon or traverse a conservancy district, the location of the improvements shall be subject to the prior review and approval of the plan commission at time of final plat approval and be so delineated to the extent reasonably possible on the final plat.
- (B) If for some reason the encroachment was not identified and delineated by the plan commission during the final plat process, then such an encroachment may be thereafter permitted upon application of the owner, after review and upon recommendation of the CSC, and final approval by the village board. Encroachments shall be no greater than 20 feet wide and shall be located whenever possible to minimize the size of the encroachment.
- (C) Once the location and nature of these permitted encroachments are reviewed and approved by the plan commission or the CSC and final approval has been obtained, the configuration of the encroachment may be altered as reasonably necessary for the enjoyment of the lot subject to the prior review and recommendation of the CSC and subsequent approval of the village board subject to the following:
 - 1. The reconfiguration must be reasonably necessary for the reasonable use of the lot; and
 - 2. The reconfiguration must not result in an overall reduction of the square footage of the conservancy district; or
 - 3. The reconfiguration will result in other ecological benefits such as preservation of native vegetation such as a mature oak; or
 - 4. Such other conditions which the village board determines warrants the reconfiguration and the village board further finds that the reconfiguration will result in an overall enhancement to the ecology of the area.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-7. Conservancy district buffer yards.

To protect the integrity of conservancy district areas it is necessary to establish buffer yards immediately adjacent thereto to regulate improvements. For the following uses, no such use shall be located within the following buffer yard setback areas immediately adjacent to conservancy district areas:

Use or Activity	Buffer Yard
,	Setback Distance
Decks, aboveground pools, and all patios which cannot support a	10 feet
vehicle or which do not have at least 10 feet overhead clearance	
Foundations, building walls, and inground pools	20 feet
Patios which can support a vehicle and which do have at least 10	4 feet
feet overhead clearance	

Septic tanks	10 feet
Tile fields	6 feet
Wells	12 feet

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-8. Burning.

Periodic burning of conservancy areas is encouraged when done in a safe manner and in accordance with applicable regulations. Persons desirous of burning conservancy areas should contact the village for recommended procedures and guidelines. CSC review and approval is not required for periodic burning.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-9. Maintenance, renovation, restoration, and enhancement.

Management of conservancy district, drainage and detention easements, and scenic corridor easements areas are permitted and encouraged. Conservancy district and scenic corridor easement areas may be periodically maintained, renovated, and replanted only in accordance with the specific provisions which govern these areas. Woodland conservancy areas may be maintained, renovated, replanted, and enhanced using generally accepted forestry management methods subject to the prior review and approval of the CSC. Nonnative species may be removed, and protected areas may be replanted with native species but any such activities require the prior review of the CSC and final approval by the village board. Some areas which are designated conservancy district are of poor quality due to prior uses of the area such as various farming techniques or the existence of nonnative invasive or noxious vegetation. Consequently, no permit is required for the removal of nonnative invasive or noxious vegetation such as, but not limited to, Canada thistle, purple loosestrife, reed canary grass, buckthorn, teasel, garlic mustard, and those other such plants which are on the approved list for removal at the village hall.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-10. Alteration of geographical boundaries or reclassification.

- (A) For all existing designated conservancy district easement areas as set forth in plats of subdivision or planned unit developments, there can be no subsequent modification except as herein provided. Amendments or deletions of the conservancy district areas will be considered by the village upon submittal by the property owner of a soil classification survey prepared by an Illinois certified soil classifier. If the survey establishes to the satisfaction of the village engineer, that all or portions of the conservancy district easement may be amended or deleted, the village engineer shall so report to the village board which may accept, modify, or reject the recommendation of the village engineer. The property owner shall be responsible for all professional expenses incurred by the village.
- (B) The geographical boundaries of scenic corridor easements are not subject to alteration except in those limited circumstances set forth in the specific sections dealing with these easements.
- (C) Drainage and detention easements are not subject to alteration unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the village board upon the recommendation of the village engineer that an engineering error was made and an alteration is necessary to permit adequate drainage.
- (D) Woodland conservancy easements which were established at the time of final plat approval may be shifted upon good cause shown to permit reasonable use of the lot upon which it is located, provided that the net

result is that the total square footage devoted to woodland conservancy and the total dbh of the trees protected thereby is not diminished as a result of the alteration of the conservancy boundaries. New plantings may be required to offset any tree losses resulting from such an alteration. All requests for alteration to the woodland conservancy shall be reviewed by the plan commission or the CSC, as specified in the code, which shall issue its recommendation to the village board for final action.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-11. Final plat easements.

All easements, conservancy districts, and other protected areas shall be depicted on the final plat for each subdivision and planned unit development. The first page of each such plat shall list the names of each type of easement, conservancy district or protected area within the development and include a reference to the page of the final plat where the easement, conservancy district, or protected area is defined. The easement, conservancy district, or protected area shall be perpetual easements in favor of the village of Long Grove and the lot owners within the respective subdivision or planned unit development subject to the applicable provisions of this chapter.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-12. Signage required.

All lots that are impressed with conservancy district easements, woodland conservancy easements and/or scenic corridor easements shall, prior to the time of issuance of a building permit, and before any construction begins, be posted by the owner on four-inch by four-inch treated posts three feet in the ground and extending three feet above the ground at locations designated by the building superintendent with signs provided by the village. These signs shall be maintained at all times by the owner of the lot. The signs shall indicate in substance to all persons that the easement areas are not to be disturbed.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-13. Fencing.

Subject to the prior review and approval of the CSC, rustic fences shall be permitted in conservancy district, scenic corridor, and woodland conservancy easements where congruent with lot lines to preserve area and foster greater privacy. The petitioner must demonstrate that:

- (A) The fence would protect the area from vehicles or other disturbances; or
- (B) The fence would help to preserve unusual feature of area; or
- (C) The fence would foster privacy and safety for natural wildlife or vegetation.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)

7-5-14. Conflict.

In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this chapter and those of any other section of this code, the more stringent provision shall govern.

(Ord. No. 2007-O-04, 4-24-2007)



3110 RFD • Long Grove, IL 60047-9635 Phone (847) 634-9440 • Fax (847) 634-9408

NATIVE PLANT LIST FOR CONSERVANCY AND SCENIC COORIDOR AREAS

This is a list of many of the plants that are native to the northern Illinois area. They are plants that have evolved to survive Illinois hot, dry summers and or occasional 23 degrees below zero winters. Some of the native trees, shrubs, and flowers you are probably familiar with already. The oaks, sugar maple, blackeyed Susan, and coneflowers are just a few. Once native plants are established, there needs are few:

Native plants will:

- Enhance the rural atmosphere of Long Grove
- Provide seasonal color including winter interest
- Provide good habitats for a variety of wildlife
- Require low maintenance and no weekly mowing
- Need little watering once established because their root systems go deep into our heavy clay soil
- Deep root systems provide a good drainage system during heavy rains.

The members of the Conservancy / Scenic Corridor Committee (CSCC) are Long Grove residents appointed by the Village Board to assist residents who have an interest in restoration of their prairie, woodland or pond conservancies and scenic corridor areas. We are all volunteers with an interest in maintaining the rural character of long Grove.

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https://www.prairienursery.com

Prairie Moon Nursery

Route 3
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Winona, MN 55987-9515
507-452-1362
https://www.prairiemoon.com

Possibility Place Nursery (trees & shrubs)

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Spence Restoration Nursery (wholesale only)

PO Box 456 2220 East Fuson Road Muncie, IN 47308 765-286-7154

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NATIVE WOODLAND FLOWERS FOR CONSERVANCY

The plant's scientific (Latin) name must be used in identifying plants. Common names are confusing. Several plants may be called by the same common name. If you have any questions about the Latin names, contact the Conservancy committee.

Actaea pachypoda	White baneberry	Hepatica acutiloba	Sharp lobed hepatica
Actaea rubra	Red baneberry	Heracleum maximum	Cow parsnip
Allium canadense	Wild Onion	Impatients pallida	Pale jewelweed
Allium cernuum	Wild Nodding	Iris virginica	Blue flag iris
	onion	Jeffersonia diphylla	Twinleaf
Allium tricoccum	Leek	Lobelia inflata	Indian tobacco
Amorpha canescens	Lead plant	Mertensia virginica	Virginia bluebells
Anemone virginiana	Tall Anemone	Mitella diphyllla	Bishop's cap
Anemonella thalictroides	Rue Anemone	Monotropa uniflora	Indian pi
Antennaria plantaginifolia	Pussytoes	pe	
Aquilegia canadensis	Wild Columbine	Osmorhiza claytoni	Hairy sweet cicely
Arisaema atrorubens	Jack in the pulpit	Penstemon Calycosus	Smooth beardtoung
Asarum canadense	Wild ginger	Penstemon digitalis	Foxglove beardtoungeue
Aster laevis	Smooth blue	Penstemon pallidus	Pale beardtoungue
	aster	Phlox divaricata	Woodland phlox
Aster macrophyllus	Big-leaved aster	Podophyllum peltatum	Mayapple
Aster sagittifolius	Arrow-leaved	Polemonium reptans	Jacob's ladder
	aster	Prenanthes alba	White lettuce
Aster shortii	Short's aster	Ranunculus septentrionalis	Swamp buttercup
Blephilia hirsuta	Horse mint	Rudbeckia laciniata	Green-headed coneflower
Campanula americana	Tall bellflower	Sanguinaria canadensis	Bloodroot
Caulophyllum thalictroides	Blue cohosh	Sanicula gregaria	Black snakeroot
Claytonia virginica	Spring beauty	Silene nivea	Snow campion
Dentaria laciniata	Cut-leaved	Silene virginica	Pink Fire
	toothwort	Smilacina racemosa	Feathery false solomon seal
Desmodium glutinosum	Pointed tick	Smilacina stellata	Starry false solomon seal
	trefoil	Solidago flexicaulis	Broad-leaved goldenrod
Dicentra cucullaria	Dutchman's	Solidago speciosa	Showy goldenrod
	breeches	Solidago ulmifolia	Elm-leaved goldenrod
Dodecatheon meadii	Shooting star	Tanacetum vulgare	Tansy
Drythronium albidum	White trout lily	Thalictrum dioicum	Early meadow rue
Eupatorium purpureum	Joe-pye-weed	Tradescantia ohiensis	Common spiderwort
Eupatorium rugosum	White snakeroot	Trillium cernuum macranthum	Nodding trillium
Fragaria virginiana	Wild strawberry	Trillium grandiflorum	Large-flowered trillium
Geranium maculatum	Wild geranium	Trillium recurvatum	Prairie trillium
Gelianthus divaricatus	Woodland	Uvularia grandiflora	Bellwort
	Sunflower	Viola pensylvanica	Smooth yellow violet
		1	

NATIVE PRAIRIE FLOWERS FOR CONSERVANCY

The plant's scientific (Latin) name must be used in identifying plants. Common names are confusing. Several plants may be called by the same common name. If you have any questions about the Latin names, contact the conservancy committee.

Acorus calamus	Sweetflag
Actaea pachypoda	White baneberry
Actaea rubra	Red baneberry
Aquilegia canadensis	Wild Columbine
Allium cernuum	Wild nodding onion
Amorpha canescens	Lead Plant
Aster azureus	Sky blue aster
Anemone patens	Pasque flower
Asclepias incarnata	Swamp milkweed
Asclepias tuberosa	Butterfly weed
Aster ericoides	Health aster
Aster linariifolius	Flax-leafed aster
Aster novae-angliae	New England aster
Aster pilosus	Hairy aster
Aster ptarmicoides	Stiff aster
Astragalus canadensis	Canadian milk-vetch
Baptisia leucantha	White wild indigo
Cacalia atriplicifolia	Pale Indian plantain
Cacalia tuberosa	Prairie Indian plantain
Campanula americana	Tall bellflower
Cassia fasciculata	Partridge pea
Coreopsis lanceolata	Sand coreopsis
Coreopsis tripteris	Tall coreopsis
Dodecatheon meadii	Shooting star
Echinacea pallida	Pale purple coneflower
Eryngium yuccifolium	Rattlesnake master
Eupatorium maculatum	Spotted Joe-Pye weed
Eupatorium purpureum	Purple Joe-Pye weed
Eupatorium serotinum	Late boneset
Gentiana andrewsii	Bottle gentian
Helenium autumnale	Sneezeweed
Helianthus grosseserratus	Sawtooth sunflower
Helianthus mollis	Downy sunflower
Helianthus occidentalis	Western sunflower
Helianthus strumosus	Pale leaved sunflower
Heliopsis helianthoides	False sunflower
Iris virginica	Blue flag iris
Kuhnia eupatorioides	False boneset
Lespedeza capitata	Roundheaded bushclover
Liatris aspera	Rough blazing star
Liatris psycnostachya	Prairie blazing star
Liatris spicata	Marsh blazing star
Lithospermum canescens	Hoary puccoon
Lobelia cardinalis	Cardinal flower
Lobelia siphilitica	Great blue lobelia
NA	MARIE In a series as a second December 1 and second

Monarda fistulosa

Monarda punctata	Horse Mint
Pathenium integrifolium	Wild quinine
Penstemon digitalis	Foxglove beardtoung
Penstemon grandifloras	Lg. flowered beardtoung
Petalostemum candidum	White prairie clover
Petalostemum purpureum	Purple prairie clover
Phlox divaricate	Woodland phlox
Plox Pilosa	Prairie phlox
Psysostegia virginiana	False dragonhead
Polygonatum	
canaliculatum	Smooth Solomon seal
Potentilla arguta	Prairie cinquefoil
Pycnanthemum	•
virginianum	Common Mt. mint
Ratibida pinnata	Yellow coneflower
Rudbeckia hirta	Black-eyed Susan
Rudbeckia subtomentosa	Showy black-eyed Susan
Rudbeckia triloba	Brown-eyed Susan
Silphium integrifolium	Rosinweed
Silphium laciniatum	Compass plant
Silphium	
terebinthinaceum	Prairie dock
Solidago graminifolia	Grass-leafed goldenrod
Solidago juncea	Early goldenrod
Solidago ohioensis	Ohio goldenrod
Solidago riddellii	Riddell's goldenrod
Solidago rigida	Stiff goldenrod
Solidago speciosa	Showy goldenrod
Thalictrum dasycarpum	Purple meadow rue
Tradescantia obiensis	Common spiderwort
Verbena hastata	Blue vervain
Verbena stricta	Hoary vervain
vERNONIA fasciculata	Common ironweed
Veronicastrum virginicum	
Viola pedatifida	Prairie violet
Zizia aptera	Heart-leaved Alexanders
Zizia aurea	Golden Alexanders

Wild bergamont–Bee balm

NATIVE TREES FOR CONSERVANCY

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Gleditsia triacanthos Acer nigrum Black maple Honey locust Acer saccharum Sugar maple Gymnocladus dioica Kentucky coffeetree Aesculus glabra Ohio buckeye Juglans cinerea Butternut Amelanchier arborea Sandbush Serviceberry Juglans nigra Black walnut Amelanchier laevis Alleghany Serviceberry Ostrva virginiana Hop hornbeam River birch Platanus occidentalis Betula nigra Sycamore Carpinus caroliniana American hornbeam Populus grandidentata Lg. toothed aspen Carya cordiformis Bitternut hickory Populus tremuloides Quacking aspen Carya glabra **Pignut Hickory** Prunus americana Wild plum Carya ovata Shagbark hickory Pyrus ioensis Iowa crab Castanea dentata American chestnut Quercus alba White oak Crataegus calipodendrom Sugar hawthorn Quercus bicolor Swamp white oak Crataegus coccinea Scharlet hawthorn Quercus ellipsoidalis Hill's oak Crataegus crus-galli Cockspur hawthorn Quercus imbricaria Shingle oak Crataegus macrosperma Lg. seeded hawthorn Quercus macrocarpa Bur oak Crataegus mollis Downy hawthorn Quercus muhlenbergii Chinquapin oak Frosted hawthorn Pin oak Crataegus pruinosa Quercus palustris Dotted hawthorn Quercus rubra Red oak Crataegus punctata Crataegus rotundifolis Round leafed hawthorn Quercus velutina Black oak Crateagus succulenta Fleshy hawthorn Salix amygdaloides Peach-leaved willow Fraxinus americana White ash Salix bebbiana Bebb's willow Black ash Salix discolor Pussy willow Fraxinus nigra Tilia americana **Basswood** Fraxinus pennsylvanica Green ash Fraxinus quadrangulate Ulmus americana American elm Blue ash

NATIVE PRAIRIE GRASSES

Andropogon gerardi Big blue stem Bouteloua curtipendula Sideoats grama Koeleria macrantha June grass Panicum virgatum Switch grass Schizachyrium scoparium Little blue stem Sorghastrum nutans Indian grass Spartina pectinata Prairie cord grass Sporobolus heterolepis Prairie dropseed

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Alnus rugosa Speckled Adler Amorpha fruticosa Indigobush Cephalanthus occidentials Buttonbush Ceanothus amercanus New Jersey tea

Cercis candensis Redbud

Cornus alternifolia Pagoda dogwood/Alternate leafed Dogwood

Cornus obliqua Blue-fruited Dogwood

Cornus racemosa Grey Dogwood
Cornus stolonifera Red-osier Dogwood

Corylus americana American Hazelnut / Filbert

Dirca palustris

Euonymus atropurpureus

Hamamelis virgininana

Ilex verticillata

Leatherwood

Burning Bush

Which Hazel

Winterberry

Lonicera prolifera Yellow Honeysuckle

Physocarpus opulifolius Ninebark

Rosa setigera Illinois Prairie Rose
Rosa Carolina Pasture Rose
Rhus glabra Smooth Sumac
Rhus typhina Staghorn sumac
Salix humulis Prairie Willow
Sambucus canadensis Elderberry
Spireae alba Meadow Sweet

Staphylea trifolia Bladdernut
Viburnum acerifolium Arrowwood Viburnum

Vibrunum lentago Nannyberry Viburnum Viburnum prunifolium Blackhaw Viburnum

Viburnum rafinessquianum Downy Arrowwood Viburnum

Viburnum recognitum Smooth Arrowwood Viburnum

Viburnum trilobum High Bush Cranberry Viburnum

NATIVE WETLAND PLANTS

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POND EDGES, MARSH - EMERGENT 4" TO 18" OF WATER

Brasenia schreberi Water shield Caltha palustris Marsh marigold

Ceratophyllum demersum Coontail

Elodea canadensis Common waterweed Elodea nuttallii Slender waterweed Lemna minor Small duckweed Least duckweed Lemna perpusilla Myriophyllum exalbescens Spiked water milfoil

Myriophyllum heterophyllum Various leaved water milfoil Myriophyllum verticullatum Whorled water milfoil

Nuphar advena Spatterdock Nuphar variegatum Pond lily

Nymphaea tubersoa Fragrant water lily Heart leaved plantain Plantago cordata Potamogeton (Most species OK) Ranunculus longirostris White water crowfoot Ranunculus trichophyllus White water buttercup Sagittaria latifolia Common arrowhead Spiradela polyrhiza Great duckweed Wolffia columbiana Common water meal

Dotted water meal

DAMP / WET PRAIRIE, SEDGE MEADOW, AND OFTEN WET FLOOD PLAINS

Wolffiapunctata

Alnus rugose americana Speckled alder Asclepias incarnata Swamp milkweed Aster puniceus Swamp aster New England aster Aster novae-angliae Calamagrostis canadensis Blue joint grass Carex (Most species OK)

Cephalantus occidentalis Buttonbush Cornus stoloniferal Red osier dogwood Elymus virginicus Virginia wild eye

Eupatorium maculatum Spotted Joe-Pye weed Liatris spicata Marsh blazing star Lobelia cardinalis Cardinal flower Lobelia siphilitca Great blue lobelia Onoclea sensiblis Sensitive fern Solidago patula Swamp goldenrod Solidago gigantea Late goldenrod Cord grass Spartina pectinata Symplocarpus foetidus Skunk cabbage Zizia aurea Golden Alexander

Other Business



3110 RFD • Long Grove, IL 60047-9635 Phone (847) 634-9440 • Fax (847) 634-9408

NATIVE PLANT LIST FOR CONSERVANCY AND SCENIC COORIDOR AREAS

This is a list of many of the plants that are native to the northern Illinois area. They are plants that have evolved to survive Illinois hot, dry summers and or occasional 23 degrees below zero winters. Some of the native trees, shrubs, and flowers you are probably familiar with already. The oaks, sugar maple, blackeyed Susan, and coneflowers are just a few. Once native plants are established, there needs are few:

Native plants will:

- Enhance the rural atmosphere of Long Grove
- Provide seasonal color including winter interest
- Provide good habitats for a variety of wildlife
- Require low maintenance and no weekly mowing
- Need little watering once established because their root systems go deep into our heavy clay soil
- Deep root systems provide a good drainage system during heavy rains.

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Allium canadense	Wild Onion	Impatients pallida	Pale jewelweed
Allium cernuum	Wild Nodding	Iris virginica	Blue flag iris
	onion	Jeffersonia diphylla	Twinleaf
Allium tricoccum	Leek	Lobelia inflata	Indian tobacco
Amorpha canescens	Lead plant	Mertensia virginica	Virginia bluebells
Anemone virginiana	Tall Anemone	Mitella diphyllla	Bishop's cap
Anemonella thalictroides	Rue Anemone	Monotropa uniflora	Indian pi
Antennaria plantaginifolia	Pussytoes	pe	
Aquilegia canadensis	Wild Columbine	Osmorhiza claytoni	Hairy sweet cicely
Arisaema atrorubens	Jack in the pulpit	Penstemon Calycosus	Smooth beardtoung
Asarum canadense	Wild ginger	Penstemon digitalis	Foxglove beardtoungeue
Aster laevis	Smooth blue	Penstemon pallidus	Pale beardtoungue
	aster	Phlox divaricata	Woodland phlox
Aster macrophyllus	Big-leaved aster	Podophyllum peltatum	Mayapple
Aster sagittifolius	Arrow-leaved	Polemonium reptans	Jacob's ladder
	aster	Prenanthes alba	White lettuce
Aster shortii	Short's aster	Ranunculus septentrionalis	Swamp buttercup
Blephilia hirsuta	Horse mint	Rudbeckia laciniata	Green-headed coneflower
Campanula americana	Tall bellflower	Sanguinaria canadensis	Bloodroot
Caulophyllum thalictroides	Blue cohosh	Sanicula gregaria	Black snakeroot
Claytonia virginica	Spring beauty	Silene nivea	Snow campion
Dentaria laciniata	Cut-leaved	Silene virginica	Pink Fire
	toothwort	Smilacina racemosa	Feathery false solomon seal
Desmodium glutinosum	Pointed tick	Smilacina stellata	Starry false solomon seal
	trefoil	Solidago flexicaulis	Broad-leaved goldenrod
Dicentra cucullaria	Dutchman's	Solidago speciosa	Showy goldenrod
	breeches	Solidago ulmifolia	Elm-leaved goldenrod
Dodecatheon meadii	Shooting star	Tanacetum vulgare	Tansy
Drythronium albidum	White trout lily	Thalictrum dioicum	Early meadow rue
Eupatorium purpureum	Joe-pye-weed	Tradescantia ohiensis	Common spiderwort
Eupatorium rugosum	White snakeroot	Trillium cernuum macranthum	Nodding trillium
Fragaria virginiana	Wild strawberry	Trillium grandiflorum	Large-flowered trillium
Geranium maculatum	Wild geranium	Trillium recurvatum	Prairie trillium
Gelianthus divaricatus	Woodland	Uvularia grandiflora	Bellwort
	Sunflower	Viola pensylvanica	Smooth yellow violet
		1	

NATIVE PRAIRIE FLOWERS FOR CONSERVANCY

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Anemone patens	Pasque flower
Asclepias incarnata	Swamp milkweed
Asclepias tuberosa	Butterfly weed
Aster ericoides	Health aster
Aster linariifolius	Flax-leafed aster
Aster novae-angliae	New England aster
Aster pilosus	Hairy aster
Aster ptarmicoides	Stiff aster
Astragalus canadensis	Canadian milk-vetch
Baptisia leucantha	White wild indigo
Cacalia atriplicifolia	Pale Indian plantain
Cacalia tuberosa	Prairie Indian plantain
Campanula americana	Tall bellflower
Cassia fasciculata	Partridge pea
Coreopsis lanceolata	Sand coreopsis
Coreopsis tripteris	Tall coreopsis
Dodecatheon meadii	Shooting star
Echinacea pallida	Pale purple coneflower
Eryngium yuccifolium	Rattlesnake master
Eupatorium maculatum	Spotted Joe-Pye weed
Eupatorium purpureum	Purple Joe-Pye weed
Eupatorium serotinum	Late boneset
Gentiana andrewsii	Bottle gentian
Helenium autumnale	Sneezeweed
Helianthus grosseserratus	Sawtooth sunflower
Helianthus mollis	Downy sunflower
Helianthus occidentalis	Western sunflower
Helianthus strumosus	Pale leaved sunflower
Heliopsis helianthoides	False sunflower
Iris virginica	Blue flag iris
Kuhnia eupatorioides	False boneset
Lespedeza capitata	Roundheaded bushclover
Liatris aspera	Rough blazing star
Liatris psycnostachya	Prairie blazing star
Liatris spicata	Marsh blazing star
Lithospermum canescens	Hoary puccoon
Lobelia cardinalis	Cardinal flower
Lobelia siphilitica	Great blue lobelia
NA	MARIE In a series as a second December 1 and second

Monarda fistulosa

Monarda punctata	Horse Mint
Pathenium integrifolium	Wild quinine
Penstemon digitalis	Foxglove beardtoung
Penstemon grandifloras	Lg. flowered beardtoung
Petalostemum candidum	White prairie clover
Petalostemum purpureum	Purple prairie clover
Phlox divaricate	Woodland phlox
Plox Pilosa	Prairie phlox
Psysostegia virginiana	False dragonhead
Polygonatum	
canaliculatum	Smooth Solomon seal
Potentilla arguta	Prairie cinquefoil
Pycnanthemum	
virginianum	Common Mt. mint
Ratibida pinnata	Yellow coneflower
Rudbeckia hirta	Black-eyed Susan
Rudbeckia subtomentosa	Showy black-eyed Susan
Rudbeckia triloba	Brown-eyed Susan
Silphium integrifolium	Rosinweed
Silphium laciniatum	Compass plant
Silphium	
terebinthinaceum	Prairie dock
Solidago graminifolia	Grass-leafed goldenrod
Solidago juncea	Early goldenrod
Solidago ohioensis	Ohio goldenrod
Solidago riddellii	Riddell's goldenrod
Solidago rigida	Stiff goldenrod
Solidago speciosa	Showy goldenrod
Thalictrum dasycarpum	Purple meadow rue
Tradescantia obiensis	Common spiderwort
Verbena hastata	Blue vervain
Verbena stricta	Hoary vervain
vERNONIA fasciculata	Common ironweed
Veronicastrum virginicum	
Viola pedatifida	Prairie violet
Zizia aptera	Heart-leaved Alexanders
Zizia aurea	Golden Alexanders

Wild bergamont–Bee balm

NATIVE TREES FOR CONSERVANCY

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Acer nigrum	Black maple	Gleditsia triacanthos	Honey locust
Acer saccharum	Sugar maple	Gymnocladus dioica	Kentucky coffeetree
Aesculus glabra	Ohio buckeye	Juglans cinerea	Butternut
Amelanchier arborea	Sandbush Serviceberry	Juglans nigra	Black walnut
Amelanchier laevis	Alleghany Serviceberry	Ostrya virginiana	Hop hornbeam
Betula nigra	River birch	Platanus occidentalis	Sycamore
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Populus grandidentata	Lg. toothed aspen
Carya cordiformis	Bitternut hickory	Populus tremuloides	Quacking aspen
Carya glabra	Pignut Hickory	Prunus americana	Wild plum
Carya ovata	Shagbark hickory	Pyrus ioensis	Iowa crab
Castanea dentata	American chestnut	Quercus alba	White oak
Crataegus calipodendrom	Sugar hawthorn	Quercus bicolor	Swamp white oak
Crataegus coccinea	Scharlet hawthorn	Quercus ellipsoidalis	Hill's oak
Crataegus crus-galli	Cockspur hawthorn	Quercus imbricaria	Shingle oak
Crataegus macrosperma	Lg. seeded hawthorn	Quercus macrocarpa	Bur oak
Crataegus mollis	Downy hawthorn	Quercus muhlenbergii	Chinquapin oak
Crataegus pruinosa	Frosted hawthorn	Quercus palustris	Pin oak
Crataegus punctata	Dotted hawthorn	Quercus rubra	Red oak
Crataegus rotundifolis	Round leafed hawthorn	Quercus velutina	Black oak
Crateagus succulenta	Fleshy hawthorn	Salix amygdaloides	Peach-leaved willow
Fraxinus americana	White ash	Salix bebbiana	Bebb's willow
Fraxinus nigra	Black ash	Salix discolor	Pussy willow
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green ash	Tilia americana	Basswood
Fraxinus quadrangulate	Blue ash	Ulmus americana	American elm

NATIVE PRAIRIE GRASSES

Andropogon gerardi Big blue stem Bouteloua curtipendula Sideoats grama Koeleria macrantha June grass Switch grass Panicum virgatum Schizachyrium scoparium Little blue stem Sorghastrum nutans Indian grass Spartina pectinata Prairie cord grass Sporobolus heterolepis Prairie dropseed

NATIVE SHRUBS FOR CONSERVANCY

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Alnus rugosa Speckled Adler Amorpha fruticosa Indigobush Cephalanthus occidentials Buttonbush Ceanothus amercanus New Jersey tea

Cercis candensis Redbud

Cornus alternifolia Pagoda dogwood/Alternate leafed Dogwood

Cornus obliqua Blue-fruited Dogwood

Cornus racemosa Grey Dogwood
Cornus stolonifera Red-osier Dogwood

Corylus americana American Hazelnut / Filbert

Dirca palustris

Euonymus atropurpureus

Hamamelis virgininana

Ilex verticillata

Leatherwood

Burning Bush

Which Hazel

Winterberry

Lonicera prolifera Yellow Honeysuckle

Physocarpus opulifolius Ninebark

Rosa setigera Illinois Prairie Rose
Rosa Carolina Pasture Rose
Rhus glabra Smooth Sumac
Rhus typhina Staghorn sumac
Salix humulis Prairie Willow
Sambucus canadensis Elderberry
Spireae alba Meadow Sweet

Staphylea trifolia Bladdernut
Viburnum acerifolium Arrowwood Viburnum

Vibrunum lentago Nannyberry Viburnum Viburnum prunifolium Blackhaw Viburnum

Viburnum rafinessquianum Downy Arrowwood Viburnum

Viburnum recognitum Smooth Arrowwood Viburnum

Viburnum trilobum High Bush Cranberry Viburnum

NATIVE WETLAND PLANTS

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POND EDGES, MARSH - EMERGENT 4" TO 18" OF WATER

Brasenia schreberi Water shield Caltha palustris Marsh marigold

Ceratophyllum demersum Coontail

Elodea canadensis Common waterweed Elodea nuttallii Slender waterweed Lemna minor Small duckweed Least duckweed Lemna perpusilla Myriophyllum exalbescens Spiked water milfoil

Myriophyllum heterophyllum Various leaved water milfoil Myriophyllum verticullatum Whorled water milfoil

Nuphar advena Spatterdock Nuphar variegatum Pond lily

Nymphaea tubersoa Fragrant water lily Heart leaved plantain Plantago cordata Potamogeton (Most species OK) Ranunculus longirostris White water crowfoot Ranunculus trichophyllus White water buttercup Sagittaria latifolia Common arrowhead Spiradela polyrhiza Great duckweed Wolffia columbiana Common water meal

Dotted water meal

DAMP / WET PRAIRIE, SEDGE MEADOW, AND OFTEN WET FLOOD PLAINS

Wolffiapunctata

Alnus rugose americana Speckled alder Asclepias incarnata Swamp milkweed Aster puniceus Swamp aster New England aster Aster novae-angliae Calamagrostis canadensis Blue joint grass Carex (Most species OK)

Cephalantus occidentalis Buttonbush Cornus stoloniferal Red osier dogwood Elymus virginicus Virginia wild eye

Eupatorium maculatum Spotted Joe-Pye weed Liatris spicata Marsh blazing star Lobelia cardinalis Cardinal flower Lobelia siphilitca Great blue lobelia Onoclea sensiblis Sensitive fern Solidago patula Swamp goldenrod Solidago gigantea Late goldenrod Cord grass Spartina pectinata Symplocarpus foetidus Skunk cabbage Zizia aurea Golden Alexander



3110 RFD • Long Grove, IL 60047-9635 Phone (847) 634-9440 • Fax (847) 634-9408

NATIVE PLANT LIST FOR CONSERVANCY AND SCENIC COORIDOR AREAS

This is a list of certain plants that are native to the northern Illinois area. These plants have evolved to survive Illinois hot, dry summers and our occasional 23-degrees-below-zero winters. Some may be familiar native trees, shrubs, and flowers. The oaks, sugar maple, Black-eyed Susan, and coneflowers are just a few. Once native plants are established, their needs are few.

Native plants will:

- Enhance the rural atmosphere of Long Grove
- Provide seasonal color, including winter interest
- Provide good habitats for a variety of wildlife
- Require low maintenance and no weekly mowing
- Need little watering once established because their root systems go deep into our heavy clay soil
- Deep root systems provide good drainage systems during heavy rains.

The members of the Conservancy / Scenic Corridor Committee (CSCC) are Long Grove residents appointed by the Village Board to assist residents who have an interest in restoration of their prairie, woodland or pond conservancies and scenic corridor areas. We are all volunteers with an interest in maintaining the rural character of long Grove.

We help with selection of native plant material, work with you and/or your landscaper on the correct methods of restoration, provide resource catalogs and information on both seeds and plan materials. If the plant material you want to use is not on the list, please check with the Committee. Not every native plant could be listed here.

A list of some nurseries that sell native plant materials is available at the Village Office. Seeds and plant materials listed are available from at least one of the following sources.

Prairie Nursery

PO Box 306 Westfield, WI 53964 800-476-9453

https://www.prairienursery.com

Prairie Moon Nursery

Route 3 Box 163 Winona, MN 55987-9515 507-452-1362 https://www.prairiemoon.com

Possibility Place Nursery (trees & shrubs)

7548 Monee Manhattan Monee, IL 60449 708-534-3988

https://www.possibilityplace.com

Spence Restoration Nursery (wholesale only)

PO Box 456 2220 East Fuson Road Muncie, IN 47308 765-286-7154

http://www.spencenursery.com

NATIVE WOODLAND FLOWERS FOR CONSERVANCY

The plant's scientific (Latin) name must be used in identifying plants. Common names are confusing. Several plants may be called by the same common name. If you have any questions about the Latin names, contact the Conservancy committee.

Actaea pachypoda White baneberry Actaea rubra Red baneberry Red baneberry Heracleum maximum Cow parsnip Cow parsnip Impatients pallida Pale jewelweed Pale jewelweed Impatients pallida Pale jewelweed Impatients pallida Pale jewelweed Pale jewelw	LATIN	COMMON	LATIN	COMMON
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Desmodium glutinosum Pointed tick trefoil Solidago speciosa Showy goldenrod Solidago speciosa Showy goldenrod Solidago ulmifolia Elm-leaved goldenrod Tanacetum vulgare Tansy Dodecatheon meadii Drythronium albidum White trout lily Tradescantia ohiensis Common spiderwort Eupatorium purpureum Eupatorium rugosum White snakeroot Fragaria virginiana Wild strawberry Geranium maculatum Woodland Viola pensylvanica Solidago flexicaulis Solidago flexicaulis Solidago flexicaulis Solidago flexicaulis Solidago flexicaulis Showy goldenrod Tansy Eum-leaved goldenrod Tansy Tansy Tansy Tranacetum vulgare Tansy Tranacetum vulgare Transy Tranacetum vulgare Transy Tranacetum vulgare Transy Tranacetum vulgare Transy Transy Tranacetum vulgare Transy Transy Tranacetum vulgare Transy Transy Tranacetum vulgare Transy Transy Tranacetum vulgare Transy Transy Transy Tranacetum vulgare Transy Transy Transy Transy Transy Touriacetum vulgare Transy Transy Touriacetum vulgare Transy Transy Touriacetum vulgare Tansy Tansy Touriacetum vulgare Tansy Tansy Touriacetum vulgare Transy Touriacetum vulgare Transy Touriacetum vulgare Tansy Touriacetum vulgare Tansy Touriacetum vulgare Tansy Touriacetum vulgare Touriacetum vu	Dentaria laciniata	Cut-leaved	Smilacina racemosa	Feathery false solomon seal
trefoil Solidago speciosa Showy goldenrod Dicentra cucullaria Dutchman's Solidago ulmifolia Elm-leaved goldenrod Dreeches Tanacetum vulgare Tansy Dodecatheon meadii Shooting star Thalictrum dioicum Early meadow rue Drythronium albidum White trout lily Tradescantia ohiensis Common spiderwort Eupatorium purpureum Joe-pye-weed Trillium cernuum macranthum Nodding trillium Eupatorium rugosum White snakeroot Trillium grandiflorum Large-flowered trillium Fragaria virginiana Wild strawberry Trillium recurvatum Prairie trillium Geranium maculatum Wild geranium Uvularia grandiflora Bellwort Gelianthus divaricatus Woodland Viola pensylvanica Smooth yellow violet		toothwort	Smilacina stellata	Starry false solomon seal
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breeches Tanacetum vulgare Tansy Dodecatheon meadii Shooting star Thalictrum dioicum Early meadow rue Drythronium albidum White trout lily Tradescantia ohiensis Common spiderwort Eupatorium purpureum Joe-pye-weed Trillium cernuum macranthum Nodding trillium Eupatorium rugosum White snakeroot Trillium grandiflorum Large-flowered trillium Fragaria virginiana Wild strawberry Trillium recurvatum Prairie trillium Geranium maculatum Wild geranium Uvularia grandiflora Bellwort Gelianthus divaricatus Woodland Viola pensylvanica Smooth yellow violet		trefoil	Solidago speciosa	Showy goldenrod
Dodecatheon meadii Shooting star Thalictrum dioicum Early meadow rue Drythronium albidum White trout lily Tradescantia ohiensis Common spiderwort Eupatorium purpureum Joe-pye-weed Trillium cernuum macranthum Nodding trillium Eupatorium rugosum White snakeroot Trillium grandiflorum Large-flowered trillium Fragaria virginiana Wild strawberry Trillium recurvatum Prairie trillium Geranium maculatum Wild geranium Uvularia grandiflora Bellwort Gelianthus divaricatus Woodland Viola pensylvanica Smooth yellow violet	Dicentra cucullaria	Dutchman's	Solidago ulmifolia	Elm-leaved goldenrod
Drythronium albidum White trout lily Tradescantia ohiensis Common spiderwort Eupatorium purpureum Joe-pye-weed Trillium cernuum macranthum Nodding trillium Eupatorium rugosum White snakeroot Trillium grandiflorum Large-flowered trillium Fragaria virginiana Wild strawberry Trillium recurvatum Prairie trillium Geranium maculatum Wild geranium Uvularia grandiflora Bellwort Gelianthus divaricatus Woodland Viola pensylvanica Smooth yellow violet		breeches	Tanacetum vulgare	Tansy
Eupatorium purpureum Eupatorium rugosum White snakeroot Fragaria virginiana Wild strawberry Geranium maculatum Wild geranium Woodland Trillium cernuum macranthum Trillium grandiflorum Large-flowered trillium Prairie trillium Uvularia grandiflora Bellwort Smooth yellow violet	Dodecatheon meadii	Shooting star	Thalictrum dioicum	Early meadow rue
Eupatorium purpureum Eupatorium rugosum White snakeroot Fragaria virginiana Wild strawberry Geranium maculatum Wild geranium Woodland Trillium cernuum macranthum Trillium grandiflorum Large-flowered trillium Prairie trillium Uvularia grandiflora Bellwort Smooth yellow violet	Drythronium albidum	White trout lily	Tradescantia ohiensis	Common spiderwort
Eupatorium rugosumWhite snakerootTrillium grandiflorumLarge-flowered trilliumFragaria virginianaWild strawberryTrillium recurvatumPrairie trilliumGeranium maculatumWild geraniumUvularia grandifloraBellwortGelianthus divaricatusWoodlandViola pensylvanicaSmooth yellow violet	Eupatorium purpureum	Joe-pye-weed	Trillium cernuum macranthum	Nodding trillium
Fragaria virginiana Wild strawberry Trillium recurvatum Prairie trillium Geranium maculatum Wild geranium Uvularia grandiflora Bellwort Gelianthus divaricatus Woodland Viola pensylvanica Smooth yellow violet				=
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Gelianthus divaricatus Woodland Viola pensylvanica Smooth yellow violet		•	Uvularia grandiflora	Bellwort
	Gelianthus divaricatus	_	_	Smooth yellow violet
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NATIVE PRAIRIE FLOWERS FOR CONSERVANCY

The plant's scientific (Latin) name must be used in identifying plants. Common names are confusing. Several plants may be called by the same common name. If you have any questions about the Latin names, contact the conservancy committee.

LATIN	COMMON	LATIN	COMMON
Acorus calamus	Sweetflag	Labalia sinhilitiaa	Creat blue labelia
	Sweetflag White baneberry	Lobelia siphilitica Monarda fistulosa	Great blue lobelia
Actaea pachypoda			Wild bergamont–Bee balm Horse Mint
Actaea rubra	Red baneberry Wild Columbine	Monarda punctata	
Aquilegia canadensis		Pathenium integrifolium	Wild quinine
Allium cernuum	Wild nodding onion Lead Plant	Penstemon digitalis	Foxglove beardtoung
Amorpha canescens		Penstemon grandifloras Petalostemum candidum	Lg. flowered beardtoung
Aster azureus	Sky blue aster Pasque flower	Petalostemum purpureum	
Anemone patens	Swamp milkweed	Phlox divaricate	
Asclepias incarnata Asclepias tuberosa	Butterfly weed	Plox Pilosa	Woodland phlox Prairie phlox
Aster ericoides	Health aster		False dragonhead
Aster linariifolius	Flax-leafed aster	Psysostegia virginiana Polygonatum	raise diagonneau
Aster novae-angliae	New England aster	canaliculatum	Smooth Solomon seal
Aster pilosus	Hairy aster	Potentilla arguta	Prairie cinquefoil
Aster priosus Aster ptarmicoides	Stiff aster	Pycnanthemum	Prairie ciriqueion
Astragalus canadensis	Canadian milk-vetch	-	Common Mt. mint
Baptisia leucantha	White wild indigo	virginianum Ratibida pinnata	Yellow coneflower
Cacalia atriplicifolia	Pale Indian plantain	Rudbeckia hirta	Black-eyed Susan
Cacalia tuberosa	Prairie Indian plantain	Rudbeckia subtomentosa	
Campanula americana	Tall beliflower	Rudbeckia triloba	Brown-eyed Susan
Cassia fasciculata	Partridge pea	Silphium integrifolium	Rosinweed
Coreopsis lanceolata	Sand coreopsis	Silphium laciniatum	Compass plant
Coreopsis tripteris	Tall coreopsis	Silphium	Compass plant
Dodecatheon meadii	Shooting star	terebinthinaceum	Prairie dock
Echinacea pallida	Pale purple coneflower	Solidago graminifolia	Grass-leafed goldenrod
Eryngium yuccifolium	Rattlesnake master	Solidago juncea	Early goldenrod
Eupatorium maculatum	Spotted Joe-Pye weed	Solidago ohioensis	Ohio goldenrod
Eupatorium purpureum	Purple Joe-Pye weed	Solidago riddellii	Riddell's goldenrod
Eupatorium serotinum	Late boneset	Solidago rigida	Stiff goldenrod
Gentiana andrewsii	Bottle gentian	Solidago speciosa	Showy goldenrod
Helenium autumnale	Sneezeweed	Thalictrum dasycarpum	Purple meadow rue
Helianthus grosseserratus		Tradescantia obiensis	Common spiderwort
Helianthus mollis	Downy sunflower	Verbena hastata	Blue vervain
Helianthus occidentalis	Western sunflower	Verbena stricta	Hoary vervain
Helianthus strumosus	Pale leaved sunflower	vERNONIA fasciculata	Common ironweed
Heliopsis helianthoides	False sunflower	Veronicastrum virginicum	
Iris virginica	Blue flag iris	Viola pedatifida	Prairie violet
Kuhnia eupatorioides	False boneset	Zizia aptera	Heart-leaved Alexanders
Lespedeza capitata	Roundheaded bushclover	Zizia aprea	Golden Alexanders
Liatris aspera	Rough blazing star	2.2.0 00.00	CO.SCITT HEAGINGIS
Liatris psychostachya	Prairie blazing star		
Liatris spicata	Marsh blazing star		
Lithospermum canescens			
Lobelia cardinalis	Cardinal flower		

NATIVE TREES FOR CONSERVANCY

The plant's scientific (Latin) name must be used in identifying plants. Common names are confusing. Several plants may be called by the same common name. If you have any questions about the Latin names, contact the conservancy committee.

LATIN	COMMON	LATIN	COMMON
Acer nigrum	Black maple	Gleditsia triacanthos	Honey locust
Acer saccharum	Sugar maple	Gymnocladus dioica	Kentucky coffeetree
Aesculus glabra	Ohio buckeye	Juglans cinerea	Butternut
Amelanchier arborea	Sandbush Serviceberry	Juglans nigra	Black walnut
Amelanchier laevis	Alleghany Serviceberry	Ostrya virginiana	Hop hornbeam
Betula nigra	River birch	Platanus occidentalis	Sycamore
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Populus grandidentata	Lg. toothed aspen
Carya cordiformis	Bitternut hickory	Populus tremuloides	Quacking aspen
Carya glabra	Pignut Hickory	Prunus americana	Wild plum
Carya ovata	Shagbark hickory	Pyrus ioensis	Iowa crab
Castanea dentata	American chestnut	Quercus alba	White oak
Crataegus calipodendrom	Sugar hawthorn	Quercus bicolor	Swamp white oak
Crataegus coccinea	Scharlet hawthorn	Quercus ellipsoidalis	Hill's oak
Crataegus crus-galli	Cockspur hawthorn	Quercus imbricaria	Shingle oak
Crataegus macrosperma	Lg. seeded hawthorn	Quercus macrocarpa	Bur oak
Crataegus mollis	Downy hawthorn	Quercus muhlenbergii	Chinquapin oak
Crataegus pruinosa	Frosted hawthorn	Quercus palustris	Pin oak
Crataegus punctata	Dotted hawthorn	Quercus rubra	Red oak
Crataegus rotundifolis	Round leafed hawthorn	Quercus velutina	Black oak
Crateagus succulenta	Fleshy hawthorn	Salix amygdaloides	Peach-leaved willow
Fraxinus americana	White ash	Salix bebbiana	Bebb's willow
Fraxinus nigra	Black ash	Salix discolor	Pussy willow
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green ash	Tilia americana	Basswood
Fraxinus quadrangulate	Blue ash	Ulmus americana	American elm

NATIVE PRAIRIE GRASSES

LATIN	COMMON
Andropogon gerardi	Big blue stem
Bouteloua curtipendula	Sideoats grama
Koeleria macrantha	June grass
Panicum virgatum	Switch grass
Schizachyrium scoparium	Little blue stem
Sorghastrum nutans	Indian grass
Spartina pectinata	Prairie cord grass
Sporobolus heterolepis	Prairie dropseed

NATIVE SHRUBS FOR CONSERVANCY

The plant's scientific (Latin) name must be used in identifying plants. Common names are confusing. Several plants may be called by the same common name. If you have any questions about the Latin names, contact the conservancy committee.

LATIN	COMMON
•1	6 11 10 11
Alnus rugosa	Speckled Adler
Amorpha fruticosa	Indigobush
Cephalanthus occidentials	Buttonbush
Ceanothus amercanus	New Jersey tea
Cercis candensis	Redbud
Cornus alternifolia	Pagoda dogwood/Alternate leafed Dogwood
Cornus obliqua	Blue-fruited Dogwood
Cornus racemosa	Grey Dogwood
Cornus stolonifera	Red-osier Dogwood
Corylus americana	American Hazelnut / Filbert
Dirca palustris	Leatherwood
Euonymus atropurpureus	Burning Bush
Hamamelis virgininana	Which Hazel
Ilex verticillata	Winterberry
Lonicera prolifera	Yellow Honeysuckle
Physocarpus opulifolius	Ninebark
Rosa setigera	Illinois Prairie Rose
Rosa Carolina	Pasture Rose
Rhus glabra	Smooth Sumac
Rhus typhina	Staghorn sumac
Salix humulis	Prairie Willow
Sambucus canadensis	Elderberry
Spireae alba	Meadow Sweet
Staphylea trifolia	Bladdernut
Viburnum acerifolium	Arrowwood Viburnum
Vibrunum lentago	Nannyberry Viburnum
Viburnum prunifolium	Blackhaw Viburnum
Viburnum rafinessquianum	Downy Arrowwood Viburnum
Viburnum recognitum	Smooth Arrowwood Viburnum
Viburnum trilobum	High Bush Cranberry Viburnum

NATIVE WETLAND PLANTS

The plant's scientific (Latin) name must be used in identifying plants. Common names are confusing. Several plants may be called by the same common name. If you have any questions about the Latin names, contact the conservancy committee.

POND EDGES, MARSH – EMERGENT 4" TO 18" OF WATER

LATIN	COMMON
Brasenia schreberi	Water shield
Caltha palustris	Marsh marigold
Ceratophyllum demersum	Coontail
Elodea canadensis	Common waterweed
Elodea nuttallii	Slender waterweed
Lemna minor	Small duckweed
Lemna perpusilla	Least duckweed
Myriophyllum exalbescens	Spiked water milfoil
Myriophyllum heterophyllum	Various leaved water milfoil
Myriophyllum verticullatum	Whorled water milfoil
Nuphar advena	Spatterdock
Nuphar variegatum	Pond lily
Nymphaea tubersoa	Fragrant water lily
Plantago cordata	Heart leaved plantain
Potamogeton	(Most species OK)
Ranunculus longirostris	White water crowfoot
Ranunculus trichophyllus	White water buttercup
Sagittaria latifolia	Common arrowhead
Spiradela polyrhiza	Great duckweed
Wolffia columbiana	Common water meal
Wolffiapunctata	Dotted water meal
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DAMP / WET PRAIRIE, SEDGE MEADOW, AND OFTEN WET FLOOD PLAINS

LATIN	COMMON
Alnus rugose americana	Speckled alder
Asclepias incarnata	Swamp milkweed
•	•
Aster puniceus	Swamp aster
Aster novae-angliae	New England aster
Calamagrostis canadensis	Blue joint grass
Carex	(Most species OK)
Cephalantus occidentalis	Buttonbush
Cornus stoloniferal	Red osier dogwood
Elymus virginicus	Virginia wild eye
Eupatorium maculatum	Spotted Joe-Pye weed
Liatris spicata	Marsh blazing star
Lobelia cardinalis	Cardinal flower
Lobelia siphilitca	Great blue lobelia
Onoclea sensiblis	Sensitive fern
Solidago patula	Swamp goldenrod
Solidago gigantea	Late goldenrod
Spartina pectinata	Cord grass
Symplocarpus foetidus	Skunk cabbage
Zizia aurea	Golden Alexander